The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

Published every Friday morning in the Columbian Building near the Court House, by
CHARLES D. BROCKWAY,
Editor and Proprietor.

TERMS.—Two dollars a year, payable in advance.

JOB PRINTING of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch, at reasonable rates.

The Columbian.

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SPACE.	1m.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1y.
One square	$2.50	3.00	4.00	6.00	10.00
Two squares	3.50	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
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Local Notices, twenty cents a line; by the year ten cents.

Cards in the "Directory" column, $2.00 per year for the first two lines, and 1.00 for each additional line.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JOB METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main, above court house. vl-n47

M. MURPHY, stoves and tinware, Market block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n47

CLOTHING, &C.

LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main, above the Exchange. vl-n47

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Market block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n47

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

HENRY ZUPPINGER, Watches, jewelry and silverware &c. Main Street near Market. vl-n47

OTTO BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, over confectionary corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n47

B. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., just below Anderson. vl-n47

ARTIGART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. vl-n47

BOOTS AND SHOES.

M. BROWN, boot and shoemaker, Main street opposite Court House. vl-n47

SOLLENDER, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, Main st., opposite Episcopal church. vl-n47

HENRY KLEIST, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries etc., Four Corners, Main st. vl-n47

DAVID DETZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., Wesley Hartman's store, west of Market street. vl-n47

PROFESSIONAL.

E. EVANS, M. D. surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. vl-n47

R. F. Kinney surgeon dentist, teeth extracted without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n47

S. McKELVY, M. D. surgeon and physician north side Main st., below Market. vl-n47

C. RUTTER, M. D. surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. vl-n47

H. C. HOWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. vl-n47

Wm. M. Reber, Surgeon and Physician, Exchange Block over Webb's Book store. v3-n28

W. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main Street. v2-n29

H. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." vl-n4

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MRS. E. KLINE, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main Street below Market. vl-n46

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Barclay building, Main st. vl-n47

MISS A. D. WEBB, fancy goods, notions, books, stationery, Exchange block Main street. vl-n43

PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. vl-n43

MISS JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies' hair dressers and dealers in human hair, southeast corner Main and west sts. vl-n43

MISS M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods Main st., opposite Court House. vl-n44

MISS M. H. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market st. vl-n47

MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street just below American house. vl-n44

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MCCOCK, oyster and eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Leacock superintendent. vl-n45

DAVIES & JACOBY, confectionary, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. vl-n43

GEORGE WIESE, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange vl-n43

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by Evans & Clark, Main opposite court house. vl-n43

AMERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main st., west of Iron street. vl-n43

BANKS HOTEL, by O. W. MASSER, east end of Main st. vl-n47

CROITNER, refreshment saloon Main st., just above court house. vl-n48

EVANS & CLARK, Exchange Hotel, Exchange block.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

ANDES, Confectionery, groceries, etc. Main st., below Iron. vl-n48

I. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, notions, hats, shoes, oilcloths, etc. Exchange block, Main street. vl-n43

KELVY NEAL & Co., dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, northeast corner Main and Market sts. vl-n43

C. HOWER, Malt and cape, boots and shoes, Main st., above Court House. vl-n43

MARR, dry goods and notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., corner Main and Court House alley vl-n43

A. BECKLEY, Keystone bookstore, books and stationery, Main st., below Market vl-n43

WILLIAM ERASMUS, confectionaries, Main st., near the railroad. vl-n43

MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandise and lumber, corner of Main street and side road. vl-n43

HORNING, dealer in dry goods, groceries etc., Brower's block, Main st., below Iron vl-n43

C. GIBSON, Groceries & Provisions, Main Street below Market vl-n43

P. LUTZ, dealer in choice dry goods, and notions, Main st., opposite Court House. vl-n43

M. EVER, produce and general merchandise Main st., above Market vl-n43

CRAMER & A. E. RAUBER, dealers in Groceries, Confectionaries and Notions, town, south side, two doors above Brower's corner. vl-n43

MISCELLANEOUS.

MIO CADMAN, Cabinet maker and Chairmaker rooms on Main street. vl-n47

S. CHRISTMAN, saddle, trunk and harness maker, opposite Episcopal church Main st. vl-n47

W. COFFEE, Steel pen, rooms, three story brick on Main st., South of Market st. vl-n47

J. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades, and Stirling Report block, Main st. vl-n47

HARTMAN, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n47

W. RAMSEY & CO. Machinists, and Blacksmithing done to order. Carriage work and horse-shoeing neatly done and repaired vl-n52

JOHN, dealer in wood fixings, tin, Queensware, glass, lamps, oils, &c. vl-n47

J. BIELEMAN, Agent Munson's Copper Telegraph Line, Lightning Rod. vl-n47

PURSEL, Glue dealer, and White and Sumac Tanner, Scottown. vl-n47

COLUMBIA LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, of all kinds, planing near the railroad. vl-n48

WITMAN, marble works, west southwest corner Main and Market sts. vl-n47

H. RINGER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, cor. Main and Market sts. vl-n43

W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer, second door from north west corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

P. CASCO, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

JOHN A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire insurance company, northeast corner, Main and Market sts. vl-n43

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. vl-n47

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, physician and surgeon, Main st., next door to Dodd's Hotel. vl-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Wm. Moehler cor. of Main and Pine st. vl-n47

HARMAN BROTHERS, Tanners and manufacturers of leather, on Main st., below Dodd's Hotel. v3-n17

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Feed Mill, and dealer in grain, Orangeville. vl-n47

BOWER & HERRING, dealer in dry goods, groceries, notions and general merchandise. vl-n47

JOHN STROUP, cabinet and harness maker Main st., above Harman's Hotel. vl-n47

A. & E. V. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and dealer in cloths, cassimeres, vestings &c., next door to the Brick Hotel. vl-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine. vl-n47

MICHAEL C. KELLER, Confectionery, Oysters in season, Pine St., between Water and Main. vl-n47

H. H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Pine St., near Pine. vl-n47

WILLIAM DELONG, Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Main St., west of Pine vl-n47

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. vl-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of Leather, Mill Street. vl-n47

JOHN KELLER, Boot and Shoemaker, Pine Street, opposite the Academy vl-n47

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. vl-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hepburnt Grain Cradle, Main St. vl-n47

J. M. HARMAN, saddle and harness maker Orangeville, opposite Frame church. vl-n41

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, A. Kostenbader proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2-n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tin-ware, Main Street, v2-n12

WM. H. ABBETT, attorney at law, Main Street. v2-n12

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street v2-n12

L. KELLER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season Main Street. v2-n12

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18

D. R. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second St. below Main. v2-n18

J. B. KOSTLER, "Catawissa House," North West Corner Main and Second Streets. v2-n18

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light Street. vl-n48

J. TERWILLIGER, Cabinetmaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker. vl-n6

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above school house, vl-n16

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, etc, Cash paid for Hides. vl-n16

R. S. ENT, dealer in stoves and tin ware in all its branches. vl-n16

JOHN A. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. vl-n84.

J. J. LEISER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician. Office at Keller's Hotel. v2-n27

A. H. IRVINE, Medical Store Main St. and Briarcreek Road.

ESPY DIRECTORY.

J. D. WERCHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Eneption Main street, opposite steam Mill. v2-n6

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C. S. Fowler, Proprietor. v2-n16

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO., dealers in dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise. vl-n47

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. vl-n47

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries, provisions and general merchandise, Flouring, lumber and coal for sale. v2-n16

JACOB & WM. HARMAN, dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour and provisions. Cash paid for ties and lumber. v-n16

JERSEYTOWN DIRECTORY.

JACOB A. SWISHER, dealer in Hides, Leather Bark etc, Madison Township Columbia county Pa. vl-n50

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.

CHAS. G. BARKLEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Office in the Exchange Building, second story, over Wehinger & Jacoby's Confectionery, Second door above the Exchange Hotel.

Bloomsburg, Jan. 1, 1869.

M. M. L'VELLE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Ashland, Schuylkill County, Penn'a.

C. W. MILLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office with E. H. Little, in brick building adjoining Post Office. ☞ Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. ☜ [Sept. 26'67.

ROBERT F. CLARK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN building Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,

ATTORNEY AT LA

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

☞ Office—Court-House Alley, below the Republican Office. [Jan'67.

J. F. PURSEL,

HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK MANUFACTURER,

and dealer in

CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS, BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &C.

which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the country. Examine for yourselves.

Shop first door below the Post Office Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Nov. 19, 1867.

BOOK STORE.

The undersigned, having taken the rooms lately occupied by E. P. Jenkins, next door above the Exchange Hotel, would say to the citizens of this county that he is now constantly receiving a full assortment of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, AND WALL PAPER,

Also the various Magazines and Newspapers published in this country, orders for which will be promptly attended to.

THE CIRCULATING LIBRARY

which has been in existence for a year, calls for the strongest support of the community. The terms are reasonable, and additional subscribers are needed to justify an increase in the number of volumes.

The usual large stock of

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS,

will be kept up and no pains spared to satisfy the wants of purchasers.

May 14,'68-tf A. D. WEBB, Bloomsburg, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA DIRECTORY

WILLIAM FISHER
WITH
THOMAS CARSON & CO.
WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN HOSIERY,
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
LINENS & NOTIONS,
No. 31 North Fourth Street
PHILADELPHIA.
June 11,'68-1y

JOHN STROUP & CO.,
Successors to Stroup & Brother,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
No. 24 North Third Street,
Philadelphia.

G. W. BLABON & CO.,
Manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES
Warehouse, No. 121 North Third Street
Philadelphia.

GEORGE B. ROBBINS,
Importer and Dealer in
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.
No. 211 North Third Street, above Vine,
Philadelphia.

SNYDER, DARRIS & BARGETT,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Nos. 138 Market St. and 127 Commerce street,
Philadelphia.

GEORGE FOELKER & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
WOOLLENS & WILLOW WARE, YARNS,
Oil Cloths, Wicks, Twines, Fashets, etc., etc.
240 & 251 Market St. & 236 Church St., Philada.
June 5,'68.

JOHN C. YEAGER & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, AND
LADIES' FURS,
No. 237 North Third Street,
Mar 12,'69-1y Philadelphia.

ESTABLISHED 1793.
JORDAN & BROTHER,
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in
SALTPETER AND BRIMSTONE,
No. 208 North Third St.,
Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,
Importer and Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 116 N. Third St.,
Philadelphia.

H. W. HANK'S
WHOLESALE TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND
CIGAR WAREHOUSE,
No. 118 North Third Street,
between Cherry and Race, west side,
Philadelphia.

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,
TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAR
MANUFACTORY,
No. 313 NORTH THIRD STREET,
Second Door below Wood,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. W. WARTMAN C. ENGELMAN

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, SODA ASH, &C., &C.
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.
May 19, 1867-1y.

P. H. HORNE. W. A. KING. J. B. SKYBERT.

HORNE, KING & SKYBERT,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,
No. 232 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders filled promptly at lowest
January 1, '68.

Major E. H. ARTMAN. C. H. DILLINGER. H. MOSS.

ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,
NO. 164 NORTH THIRD ST. PHILADELPHIA.
Two Doors above Arch, formerly 226,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN
CARPETS, COTTON YARNS, BATTING, OIL CLOTHS, CARPET CHAINS, CORDAGE, OIL SHADES, GRAIN BAGS, TIE YARN, WICK YARN, WINDOW PAPER, COVARLETS,
—ALSO,—
WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE,
BROOMS, BRUSHES, LOOKING GLASSES, TUBES
Feb. 5,'69

HOTELS, &C.

FORKS HOTEL,
GEORGE W. MAUGER, Proprietor
The above well-known hotel has recently undergone and completed its internal arrangements, and is in a position to offer to the travelling public that its accommodations for the comfort of its guests are second to none in the country. The table will always be found supplied, not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacies of the season. His wines and liquors (except that popular beverage known as "XX Beer") are selected direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and free from all poisonous drugs. He respectfully solicits a liberal patronage in the past, and will continue to deserve it in the future. GEORGE W. MAUGER.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
BY
BERNARD STOHNER.
HAVING lately purchased and fitted up the well-known property, formerly occupied as a NEW HOUSE ABOVE THE CANAL, on the corner of the street, in the town of Columbia, are now prepared to accommodate the public in a manner to
RESTAURANT,
the proprietor has determined to give to the people visiting the town on business or pleasure,
A LITTLE MORE ROOM.
The dining room is extensive, and is fitted up to put eggs up and oysters in the dry. He promises that every thing should be established shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. [July 2, '69-1y.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.
The undersigned having purchased this well-known and centrally located house, the Exchange Hotel, situate on MAIN STREET, in Bloomsburg, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general that their patronage is solicited in order for the reception and entertainment of travellers who may be disposed to favor it with their custom. They have spared no expense in preparing the house for the accommodation of their guests, and will endeavor that no pains be spared to render their patronage satisfactory.

Conveyances run at all times between the Exchange Hotel and the various railroad depots, by which travellers will be pleasantly conveyed to and from the respective stations in due time to meet for cars. EVANS & CLARK.

Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

OWEN HOUSE
BERWICK PA.
WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Proprietor.
This well known Hotel has been entirely refitted and refurnished, with a view to the perfect comfort and convenience of guests.
A commodious Livery stable is connected with the establishment.
A License will be obtained at May Term of Court, when the bar will be supplied with the choicest wines, liquors and segars. A fair share of patronage is requested.
Apr. 9,'69-1m.*

Choice Poetry.

A LYRIC.

TO A SILKEN STRING IN MY WINDOW.

Harp! harp of the rode wind,
Struck wildly and free,
No touch so lovely
As this is to me.
The notes of the veil,
The flute and the lute,
To my waywardness
Meet worthlessness are

My voice to its service
Never, never could be trained
Such pseudo-harmonies
It ever disdained;
But then in thy wildness
How swept o'er my soul,
Till the gush of warm tears,
Pride never could control.

To the fierce roaring blast
Thou lend'st not reply,
To zephyr a soft whisper
Thou breathest but a sigh—
A soul swelling feeling
Accents, slap thy chords,
Subduing and pensive,
As the melody flies.

My spirit is enthroned!
Thou, Harp, to thy bosom
Low, full of tenderness,
So wholly takes own.
Thou comfort'st mother, sweet minstrel,
In childhood gone by,
As then do I love thee,
As then, till I die. S.

THE FAIREST AND BEST THE RAREST.

FROM BITTER-SWEET. BY J. G. HOLLAND.

Thus it is all over the earth!
That which we call the fairest,
And prize for its surpassing worth,
Is always rarest.

Iron is heaped in mountain piles,
And skirts the jagged gorges;
But gold flakes gleam in dim defiles
And lonely gorges.

The snowy marble decks the land
With heaped and rounded ledges,
But diamonds hide beneath the sand
Their starry edges.

The flaxy armies clog the twine,
That sweeps the bay river,
But pearls come singly from the brine
With the pale diver.

God gives no value unto men
Unmatched by need of labor;
And Love and Worth has ever been
The closest neighbor.

. . . . . .

Were every hill a precious mine,
And golden all the mountains;
Were all the rivers fed with wine
By tireless fountains;

Life would be restless of its rest,
And shorn of its ambition,
And sink into the drowsiness
Of inanition.

Up the broad atmosphere that veins
Stand motives beckoning earthward
To summon men to nobler spheres,
And lead them worthward.

Miscellaneous.

THE ODD FELLOW.

OR, THE SECRET ASSOCIATION.

(CONTINUED.)

CHAPTER II.

The story of the Guest with the Torn Hat and ragged habiliments was full of interest to the little party of listeners, and was narrated in a pleasing manner, and was briefly as follows:

He had been shipwrecked on the coast of Maine, about six weeks before, with the loss of everything, and had been dependent upon the charity of persons in the towns he had passed through for means to reach Boston, where he knew he would be assisted to Baltimore, his residence, by the association of Odd-Fellows, of which he was a member. He said he had left Baltimore six months before as supercargo of a ship bound to the North Sea, and was shipwrecked on his return voyage.

"I had no claim," he said, proceeding with his narration, "upon the citizens of the small towns I passed through, beyond the ordinary one of charity, which has become so often reiterated that I find it has got to be little heeded. I knew if I could meet a brother Odd-Fellow I should find a friend and a home. In Portland I inquired, but found there was no Lodge established there; and also in Portsmouth and other towns. Finally, this afternoon I reached Boston, a stranger to every person in it. I had previously drawn up a paper stating my situation, in which I had put the secret designation of a membership in my Order, knowing that if I should by chance present it to a brother he would immediately recognize the 'mystic sign,' and extend to me, ragged and wretched as I was, the fellowship of his heart and hand."

At these words James Layton turned slightly and glanced at both his wife and brother-in-law, while a quiet smile of prideful triumph sparkled in his eye.

"I had been to several houses," continued the stranger, "without obtaining even courtesy from the servant at the door, yet hoping Providence would at length bring me to that of a 'Fellow' of the Order, of whom I knew there was a large number in Boston. I had inquired in the streets of two or three, asking if any of them would tell me where I could find an 'Odd-Fellow,' when taking my question as an *odd* one they only called me an 'odd-fellow,' and bade me walk about my business! I had passed by your door when something within me prompted me to turn back and once more make an effort; for on finding a member of the Order depended my hopes of sustenance and shelter to-night, as well as my return to Baltimore. I now feel that Providence prompted me to call at your door, and I cannot be too grateful for your hospitality and kindness to a stranger."

"A brother of our Order in never a stranger," said James, kindly, "I feel happy in being the instrument of doing you the service you need. Our brethren meet to-night and I was going out, when you called, to attend the meeting. I will lay your case before it to-night, and, as I have no spare bed, if you will put on this cambiet wrapper, and oblige me by wearing this hat—*for* the night is rough out—I will accompany you to a comfortable inn which lies on the way, and find you a lodging. To-morrow at ten o'clock call on me here, and I will tell you what we have done for you."

The friendly kindness of James' voice, and his manner of speaking to this wayfarer, struck both his wife and brother, and his hearty and cordial hospitality and openhanded benevolence, made a deep impression upon them. They remained silent for several minutes after Mr. Layton and the stranger had left. At length Lewis spoke:

"This is indeed wonderful! Henceforth, Catharine, I am an Odd-Fellow!"

The wants of the wanderer were inquired into by two of the "brethren," sent early next morning, by the Order, to the inn at which James had left him; and in a short time, under their kind hands, there was a manifest change in his wardrobe and external appearance. Money was also placed by them in his hands, and they parted from him with that fellowship and good will which is so beautiful a characteristic of the Order.

"It is already half-past ten o'clock, James," said Lewis, who had waited at home to see the issue of his brother-in-law's benevolent purposes toward the guest of the evening before; he was, also, after a night's sleep upon it, less zealous in becoming an Odd-Fellow. The arguments of James had been partially forgotten, and their impression in a manner passed away. "I should not be surprised, brother," he said, laughing, as the hands of the clock indicated half-past ten, "if you never saw your new cambiet wrapper more!"

"You will not triumph over me, Lewis," answered James pleasantly, "he will yet be here."

"You were so generous, too, as to loan him your new beaver, bought lately at Barry's. You had best call in to-day and purchase another—for your's is by this time at a pawnbroker's, or on its way to Baltimore or Symmezonia! Did you look, Catharine, to see if anything was missing from the front entry?"

"You laugh at me, Lewis," said James Layton, "but rest assured you will not have the victory."

"He may be a rogue, though an Odd-Fellow, and so deceive you."

"No. The principles of our Order have an influence upon the moral man that no temptations can weaken or throw aside. If it were not, if he should prove a rogue, yet I have but done my duty in succoring a brother. I am free, the guilt remains with him."

"And so do the new cambiet wrapper and the Barry. If you see either of them again, I will become a member of an Order whose moral power is such as to bring men's voices in subjection to its principles."

"Whatever motive, Lewis, may lead you to become an Odd-Fellow you would, believe me, find it greatly to your interest to be one, especially if you should travel. Everywhere you would find the hand of fellowship extended to welcome you, and in the face of a stranger find the smiles of a friend. But we never urge, not even invite any one. If you will be one of us we will open our arms to welcome, love, cherish, defend and befriend you through weal and in woe."

"If your friend returns I will offer myself at your next meeting. On his good faith, you see, I have hung the faith and honor of your whole Order."

"And on it I am willing it should hang," said James firmly. "There is the door bell."

"If it be your Barry and wrapper I am an Odd-Fellow from this day," said Lewis, laughing.

"A gentleman wishing to see you, Mr. Layton," said the maid.

"Show him in."

"Are you sure it is a gentleman and not the man that was here last night?" asked Lewis.

"Yes, indeed. Don't I know a gentleman from a loafer like him! It took me half an hour this morning to get the mud from his heels off the rug! This is a gentleman, Mr. Lewis, you may be sure on it."

"It is not your man, James," said Lewis, with a look of triumph, as the girl returned to the hall.

"You are right," said James, as she ushered in a very gentlemanly looking man who, bowing politely, stood as if he expected to be recognized.

"You do not know me, I see, sir."

"Now you speak, I do," said Mr. Layton, approaching and extending his hand. "Now, Lewis," he said, aside, "what think you of my cambiet and Barry."

His brother made no reply, but stood surveying the stranger with incredulity and surprise.

"You will pardon my delay," said he, "but I was taken in hand by two brethren, whom your kind mention of my misfortune brought early to my inn this morning; and they would not be satisfied till they had taken me to a clothing warehouse and provided me with a handsome suit of clothes, besides other conveniences of which I stood in need. It is not a quarter of an hour since they let me go, when I directly hastened hither. Your hat and coat, sir, I brought and have left in the hall. I know not how to thank you for your hospitality and attention," he continued, pressing James' hand in both of his own; "I hope you will not fail to present my grateful acknowledgments to the society which has so generously contributed to my aid, and accept for yourself and family my best wishes for your happiness."

"When do you leave?"

"In the cars this afternoon. I shall be in Baltimore probably in three days, when I will write to you, and assure you that I have not been an unworthy object of the regard of my Order."

"Pardon my inquiry; but have you any money?"

"Yes, furnished me by the two brethren sent to execute the will of the Lodge in my behalf."

Shortly afterwards, Mr. Drumond, for he gave his name as Henry Drumond, took his leave, followed by the kind wishes of both Lewis and Mr. Layton.

"Now Lewis," said James, as the door closed on their guest.

"I have sacrificed my prejudices to facts that I can no longer resist. I must yet ask one indulgence, brother. If the result turns out as I wish, I will be as strongly the advocate of your Order as I have been its opponent."

"Name what you wish."

"Frankly, then, I have to confess a lingering suspicion that, while it remains, will not leave me so free to act as I would wish, should I conclude to be proposed as a candidate for membership in your noble fraternity. He says he was shipwrecked six weeks ago on the coast of Maine."

"This can be proved, then, by reference to Toplift's files."

"No; Yet it would be well enough to look for such a shipwreck in the reporter's list. He said the name of his ship was the 'Trident.' But this is not my objection alone. If he was wrecked six weeks ago in Maine and is a man of respectable connection in Baltimore, why did he not write from the first town for means, and there wait till he had heard. Ten days would have brought him a reply and money, if his tale be a true one. Instead of that he wanders from town to town; and is six weeks reaching this city. I must confess this looks very suspicious."

"But he returned the coat and hat, brother—this was test enough of his honesty in his narrative," said Catharine, who had a moment before entered the room, and was listening with deep interest to their conversation.

"It was his policy to do so—besides he had no further need of them, being well supplied with clothes and money. This goes for nothing with me, I will wait until he fulfills his promise in writing from Baltimore. If he writes, even, I will advance no further objections, and shall be really most cheerfully to enjoy myself in a society which is distinguished by benevolence so noble, and by a code of principles so pure."

That very day James took Lewis with him to Topliff's, and after turning over a file of papers for several weeks back, saw under date of December 29, an extract of a letter dated Castine, Me. which read as follows:

"We had a south-east gale blowing hard for the last forty-eight hours, and last night the ship Trident, bound from Copenhagen to Baltimore, was driven ashore three leagues from —— light. Out of a crew of twenty-one, seven have been lost, including the Captain and Mate. Those who were saved came ashore with the loss of everything. The ship is fast going to pieces, and will probably, with her cargo, be a total loss. No insurance. Among those saved are the supercargo and second mate, and one passenger, a Swede.

The young men on reading this paragraph silently exchanged looks. Lewis saw the expression of triumph on James' face, and said, as if he were not disposed altogether to give it up:

"This is all very well; but he might have known of the wreck of this ship, and so told his tale."

"You are incorrigible, Lewis, I see plainly" said James laughing. "I see you have little faith, after all in our Order."

"Yes I have in *it*. I believe it now to be all you have said, but I am, I confess, suspicious of the person who has solicited its charity. It seems so strange that a perfect stranger to you should have been so handsomely received and suffered to depart. Surely, your open handed benevolence, which admits no suspicion, must leave you exposed to deception."

"Seldom—for none apply who are not of our Order."

"And you contend that all of it are infallible in morals?"

"So far as the secret character of our Order's charity is concerned, there are few who would make it the instrument of fraud or vice."

"If you get a letter from Mr. Drumond, I am silenced save in praise," said Lewis, as they parted, each to go to his place of business.

James Layton was a junior partner in an extensive jeweller's establishment in Washington street, to which trade he had regularly served an honest apprenticeship. His late employer had a few months before taken him into partnership. He lived in genteel style in a pleasant part of the city, and was prosperous in his affairs; while he was to be envied as we have witnessed, in the happiness and comfort of his domestic arrangements. Lewis Foster, whose sister he had married, was also a junior partner in a respectable dry goods store. He was a young gentleman of strict morals and of considerable intelligence. The warmest friendship had long existed between the two young men, and nothing had ever occurred to interrupt the harmony of their fraternal intercourse.

A week—ten days—a fortnight passed and no letter had been received from Baltimore. Lewis was about to declare himself the victor in his opinion of the shipwrecked stranger, and James' hopes in his integrity to misgive him, when a letter mailed at Baltimore was brought from the post-office. Without opening it James left his store and went to Lewis, and exhibiting the outside broke the seal. As he unfolded it hurriedly, a bank note fell from it, and fluttered to the floor. Lewis caught it and exclaimed:

"A hundred dollar note, as I live!—Read the letter!" he cried eagerly.

James read as follows—

BALTIMORE, March 10, 18—.

My Dear Friend and Brother:—I am happy to inform you of my safe arrival here yesterday, having been detained in New York by illness. I am now quite well again, and hasten to return you my acknowledgments for your kind assistance, and that of your Lodge. The amount of money generously advanced me, and the bill for my wardrobe, is something under the amount I enclose, which I beg you will do me the favor to return to the Society, for the relief of others of the Order who, like me, may be thrown by Providence in a condition to call for its benevolence. I pray you will present my regards to your family, and accept the assurances of my grateful friendship. If you, or any of your friends should visit Baltimore, where I shall remain and engage in the mercantile business, I shall esteem myself signally happy in extending to you our hospitality. Respectfully,

Your friend and humble servant,
HENRY DRUMOND.

To James Layton, Esq.

When James had finished the letter he looked up and met Lewis's eye.

"Forgive me, James," he exclaimed warmly and with much feeling. "I will no more doubt after this the purity of your Order, nor the principles of its members, than I do the goodness of your own heart and the excellency of your understanding. From this hour I am heart and hand with you. In your next meeting I hope you will not forget to propose me as a candidate for initiation as a member of the noble association of the "Independent Order of Odd Fellows."

A Funny Incident.

A very funny mistake was made by a juror yesterday which provoked much merriment among the judges and attorneys of the Circuit and Common Pleas Courts. It occurred in this way: Both Courts had juries empaneled, and through mistake an old gentleman serving on the jury of the Circuit Court strayed into the Common Pleas Court and took his seat among the rest of the jurors. The rooms of the Courts are very much alike, and such a mistake could easily be made. But the fun of it was that the trial was about commencing when one of the argus-eyed attorneys discovered that there were thirteen jurors in the box. A search was at once instituted for the interloper, and the old gentleman was pounced upon as the bogus juror. He protested loudly, and insisted that he had been sitting on the jury the day before.

The Court ventured the remark that there must be a mistake somewhere, but the old gent was determined to maintain his position and if thirteen jurors had been selected instead of twelve, it was not his fault. The Sheriff was completely beat, and could not for the life of him account for the baker's dozen.

In the meantime the Circuit Court was unable to proceed for the want of the absent juror. They had searched for him in every direction. Thus it will be seen that the wheels of justice were clogged in both Courts—one having too many in the jury box, and the other not enough.

While the problem was undergoing a solution the old gent took a survey of the room, and all at once the truth flashed on his mind that he had got into the wrong room.

Jumping to his feet he exclaimed:

"Well, I'll be everlastingly dashed if I haint got into the wrong box. Everything in the room is exactly the same, but you can't palm off that ere judge on me!" The plea of laughter that followed this quaint exclamation was almost equal to the opening chorus of the Boston Peace Jubilee. His honor for the time suspended the dignity of the hourt, and enjoyed the joke heartily.

When the missing juror turned up in the Circuit Court, and the mistake was explained, there was another roar of laughter, in which the Court took a hand.—*Indianapolis Sentinel.*

BRECKENRIDGE SALUTES THE OLD FLAG.—General John C. Breckenridge and Ex-Governor Beriah Magoffin, of Kentucky, left this city yesterday morning on the Superior railroad, proposing to go by stage from the terminus to Superior City. Arriving at Wyoming they found the stage broken down, the weather wet and disagreeable, the roads bad, &c., and they returned to this city, leaving for the same destination *via* the river and railroads to Green Bay and Marquette, and so up the Lake. They will return by stage and railroad to St. Paul.

The excursion party of the Minnesota First was on board the same train returning from White Bear, the scene of their festivities yesterday. General Breckenridge descended from the platform as the regiment was forming, exchanged commonplace salutations with a few acquaintances, and then turned to look at the veterans. They unfurled their old flag, and the band struck up the inspiring strains of "Hail Columbia." The Ex-Confederate chieftain listened a moment to the glorious music, watched the banner as its folds spread out to the breeze, then reverently raised his hat from his head, waved it toward the stars and stripes and exclaimed, "That is the old flag, after all; thank God for it!" This was in a quiet corner away from the crowd, without ostentation, or attracting the notice of more than one or two observers, and he seemed to be unconscious of their presence.—*St. Paul (Minn.) Pioneer, June 18.*

A DUTCHMAN'S ESCAPE.—You don't never hear apout der grate derrible accident and narrow eggape vot cum near knocking der life out ov mine pody, ish it? Vell I dells you apout it. I bees in der pack part of my pording house a goople days ago, vena neighbor next door dells me apout a mad tog vot he saws up town by der Shenard avenue doo or dree months ago. He dell me dis tog is parking and mullering, and vagging his dail, and rolling over mit his pack, so dat every bioples vas frightened into de middle of next week over it. So de bolice-mans cum along mit dheeir shooting rewolwers, and after vounding apout dirce vomans and a half dozens children, dhey shooted dat mat tog tead, and he died from it, and Ish de had ov him. Now you sees vot a pig eggape dat vas for me, for if I ish ub by der biace vhere dat tog ish,

The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1869.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a much larger sheet than any of itscotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

FOR GOVERNOR:

HON. ASA PACKER,

OF CARBON COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT:

HON. CYRUS L. PERSHING,

OF LYCOMING COUNTY.

Packer and Pershing.

We place at the head of our columns the names of these two distinguished gentlemen as candidates before the people for the offices of Governor and Judge of the Supreme Court. The nominations are excellent in every respect. With Packer and Pershing we will sweep the State like a whirl-wind. *And now to work!*

The Virginia Election.

All honor to this glorious old Commonwealth, "the mother of States and the mother of Presidents" for the glorious victory achieved by her sons on Tuesday of last week, against the combined efforts of military power and carpet-bag rule. The defeat was not a partial one; the entire force of the enemy was routed. Walker, the conservative candidate, is elected Governor by about 50,000 majority, and the conservatives will have a majority in the Legislature in a joint ballot of over sixty, insuring the election of two anti-radical United States Senators. The disfranchising and oppressive features of the new Constitution have been voted down by enormous majorities, and Virginia is freer to-day than Tennessee, Missouri or Rhode Island.

The Radical press endeavor in vain to weaken the blow, by asserting that Walker is a Conservative Republican. In all that is essential he is a Democrat, —opposed to disfranchisement, negro domination, and a centralized government. Radical speakers Radical money, and the influence of the administration were used to aid Wells, and it was declared that the success of the Conservatives meant a rebel victory. Even now it is asserted that Congress will repudiate this act of the people.

The influence of this election are wide-spread. It means that a similar result will be attained in Texas, Mississippi, and Tennessee. It means that Radical proscription and intolerance are at an end. The result also shows the propriety of making good nominations, and the necessity of forming an alliance with conservative men to ensure success. Had the Democrats made a straight fight, they would have been defeated, disfranchisement would have continued, and instead of ruling the negroes, they would have been ruled by them.

AND NOW FOR PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO!

Important to Soldiers.

We are constantly in the receipt of letters from soldiers and their friends, asking for information concerning the Pension and Bounty. We have published the laws and decisions on this subject from time to time, and we refer to the files of the COLUMBIAN for full particulars.

"A Drafted Man" inquires if he is entitled to a return of commutation money.

In February, 1867, Congress passed the following law:

Be it enacted, That the Secretary of war is authorized and required to refund from the commutation money the amount (not exceeding three hundred dollars in any one case) paid by any person drafted during the late war who furnished a substitute or paid commutation money wherever it shall appear that under the decisions and rules of the War Department governing at the time the said person was entitled to discharge from the obligation to render personal service under the draft, for which he paid money or furnished a substitute, and to refund, in like manner, in all cases wherein it shall appear that a person so having paid commutation money or furnished a substitute, was not legally liable to draft: *Provided*, That this section shall apply only to claims received at the War Department prior to its passage.

Our readers will perceive that the above law applied only to claims received at the War Department prior to its passage. Congress has just passed a law repealing the proviso, and providing that all claims under said section shall be presented and filed within *two years* from March 1, 1869.

We have also been asked by a soldier friend in Benton, who enlisted for one year, if he is not entitled to the full bounty promised him, although he was discharged before the expiration of his time. In reply we would say that

The 1st section provides that when a soldier's discharge states that he is discharged "*by expiration of term of service*," he shall be held to have completed the full term of his enlistment, and entitled to bounty accordingly.

Under this section very many soldiers who received but fifty dollars under the act of July 28, 1866, are entitled to an additional bounty of fifty dollars. In every case where a soldier was discharged by "expiration of term of service," and full bounty has been refused, he should present his claim.

The 3d section is as follows:

And be it enacted, That the widow, minor children, or parents, in the order named, of any soldier who shall have died, after having been honorably discharged from the military service of the United States, shall be entitled to receive the additional bounty to which such soldier would be entitled if living.

The 3d Section of said bill provides that all claims for bounty shall be barred, unless presented for settlement on or before the first day of December, 1869.

THE receipts of the Office of Internal Revenue at Washington for the past week show that the taxes laid by that Bureau alone amount to *one dollar per month for every man woman and child in the United States!* When to this are added the thousand and one other taxes to be paid, the cost of living now-a-days will be better understood.

Rule of Nominations in Clinton County.

The last Democratic Convention of Clinton county adopted the following Resolution regarding representation in future Conventions of that county:

"*Resolved*, That the several townships and boroughs in the county of Clinton be hereafter entitled to two (2) delegates each, and that for every fifty Democratic votes over the first fifty polled at the last Governor's election preceding the County Convention, shall entitle the townships and boroughs so polling the said votes, to an additional delegate."

The Standing Committee of the county in a recent call for a Convention to meet on the 10th of August, state an apportionment of delegates to the several election districts under the above resolution. We give below the names of the election districts, the number of delegates assigned to each and the number or ratio of votes for a delegate in each according to the Democratic vote for President in 1868:

	SEYMOUR,	DEL.	RATIOS.
Allison	69	2	34
Bald Eagle	86	2	43
Beechcreek	113	3	38
Chapman	199	3	66
Colebrook	28	2	14
Crawford	59	2	29
Dunnstable	47	2	24
Flemington	60	2	30
Gallauher	34	2	17
Green	241	5	48
Grugan	51	2	25
Keating	46	2	23
Lamar	169	3	56
Leidy	31	2	15
Logan	154	4	38
LOCK HAVEN:			
East Ward	141	3	47
Mid. Ward	175	4	44
West Ward	208	3	69
Mill Hall	40	2	20
Pine Creek	199	3	66
Porter	95	3	32
Renovo	242	3	81
Wayne	78	2	36
Woodward	116	3	39
	2582	64	

The average or common ratio of votes for a delegate, taking the whole county together, is 40.

It will be observed that a wild result is reached in Renovo and in the West Ward of Lock Haven as well as in Chapman, caused we suppose in great part by taking the Governor vote of 1866 instead of a more recent return. The Middle Ward of Lock Haven with 175 votes is to have 4 delegates, while the West Ward with 208 votes is to have but 3! The small districts of Colebrook, Gallauher and Leidy are enormously over-represented and Mill Hall with just enough votes for one delegate has two, while Chapman (now divided we believe into two election districts) loses largely.

The rule adopted by the Convention in their Resolution, given above, does not therefore appear to operate well and secure fair representation. It gives 16 additional delegates to the most populous districts as an act of homage to the principle of numbers but in a most imperfect manner and with unsatisfactory results. The error is in assuming an absolute or fixed divison of 50 and disregarding all fractions of a ratio in the distribution of the additional delegates, as well as in retaining undue representation to the smaller districts. In the first place the rule will increase the number of delegates beyond a reasonable limit. Assuming that the next vote for Governor in the county will equal or exceed the vote for President last year, the Convention of next year will contain seventy members or more, and subsequent Conventions will be still more numerous. Next the divisor of 50 without regard to fractions will never give a proper result, because the fractional losses will be more severe upon the smaller districts than upon the larger ones. Two or three districts with two delegates each may each lose heavy fractions in the apportionment, while a large district with five or six delegates can lose but one fraction. *Upon the same number of delegates* the loss may be very unequal.

Now representation of districts according to party vote is most reasonable and just. Those who are to support nominations after they are made should select the delegates who make them and as far as possible each voter should have an equal voice and influence. But we think our friends in Clinton county must *try again* before they secure a proper plan. They must apply a just principle more thoroughly and must not hesitate to encounter opposition or complaint in a few districts at the outset (founded upon former usages which were unreasonable and unsatisfactory) knowing that when a sound plan shall be once established it will give most useful results and will be firmly upheld by public opinion. Upon a present ratio of 50 to 52 votes for a delegate, *applied to all the districts without exception*, a Convention of 50 members could be constituted which would fairly and truly represent the Democracy of the county. By taking a lower ratio a more numerous body could be created; but in either case Colebrook, Gallauher, Leidy, Mill Hall and one or two other districts should each have but one delegate assigned them.

The general subject of popular representation is becoming every year more important and the principles upon which it shall be adjusted more interesting as matter of consideration and debate. Our discussion of reform in Clinton county will not therefore be thought impertinent or untimely.

EIGHTEEN years ago the Democratic party of this County adopted a set of rules for the conduct of delegate elections and County Conventions. As they are not generally remembered, we republish them in this issue, and would suggest to our readers the propriety of saving them.

Since their adoption the times for holding the delegate elections and nominating conventions have been changed. It will be noticed that the elections must be *by ballot, and list of voters and tally of votes counted, must be sent to the Convention, properly attested.*

It will also be seen that the Standing Committee is limited to *five* members. These rules should be strictly adhered to, until properly changed or amended.

MARTIN BILLMEYER, the seizure of whose distillery we mentioned some time ago, was tried last week at Williamsport for violating the Revenue Laws, found guilty, and sentenced to six months imprisonment in the Montour county jail, and to pay a fine of $1,000.—The liquor seized we presume was confiscated. We very much regret this result, Mr. Billmeyer is one of Montour's best citizens, and we feel assured has not intentionally violated any of the laws. In fact they are so intricate, and the decisions so numerous that it is almost impossible for a plain, unlettered man to understand their technicalities.

Democratic Rules.

THE following are the rules and laws which govern our political county affairs:

The undersigned appointed at the last county convention to prepare some rules for the regulation of nominations hereafter, and report the same to this convention, do report the following 12 Rules for consideration.

They conform in most respects to the usages of the party as heretofore existing and we have endeavored to make them concise and intelligible.

A slight change in the time of holding the annual conventions, as contemplated in the first rule, is rendered necessary by the fact that the Court House will hereafter be occupied by the courts on the first Monday in September and for some time afterwards.

C. R. BUCKALEW.
GEORGE MACK.
Sept. 6 1851. F. McBRIDE.

RULES.

I. The annual county Convention shall be held at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on the last Monday in August, at one p. m. and the Delegate Election shall be held on the Saturday previous, at the places of holding the general elections in the several election districts, between the hours of 8 and 7 o'clock in the afternoon.

II. The Delegate Elections shall be by ballot and each general election district shall be entitled to two delegates.

III. The Delegate Elections shall be held and conducted by a Judge and clerk, to be selected by the Democrats in attendance, and the said officers shall keep a list of voters and tally of votes counted, to be sent by them to the Convention with their certificate of the result of their election.

IV. All cases of disputed seats in Convention shall be disposed of openly by vote after hearing the respective claimants and their evidence.

V. All delegates must reside in the district they represent. In case of an absent delegate he may depute another, if he fail to do so his colleague in attendance may substitute for him. In other cases the Convention may fill up the representation from the citizens of the district in attendance.

VI. The voting in Conventions shall be open, and any two members may require the yeas and nays on any question pending.

VII. Special Conventions may be called when necessary, by the Standing Committee, the proceedings of which shall conform to these rules.

VIII. All county nominations and all appointments of conferees and of delegates to State Conventions, shall be made in County Conventions.

IX. The Standing Committee shall be five in number, one of whom shall reside at the county seat, and shall be chosen annually in Convention. In case of vacancy the Committee may fill up their number.

X. No member of the Legislature shall be chosen by this county as a Delegate to a State Convention during his term of office.

XI. In Convention a majority of all the votes given shall be necessary to a nomination, and no person named shall be peremptorily stricken from the list of candidates until after the sixth vote, when the lowest name shall be struck off and so on at each successive vote until a nomination is affected.

XII. None of these rules shall be altered or rescinded unless by a vote of two-thirds at a regular annual Convention.

The above report was on motion adopted unanimously and the Convention then adjourned.

THE NATIONAL HOLIDAY.—It having been decided to celebrate the Fourth, on Saturday July 3rd, the various associations who proposed to take part in the proceedings assembled on Market Street at 10 o'clock A. M., and formed in line of procession under the directions of the Chief Marshal, C. B. Brockway, assisted by Dr. Wm. M. Reber and C. S. Furman. At the head of the line marched the Wilkes-Barre Drum Corps followed by the Friendship Fire Co., the Rescue Co., and another composed of *very* small boys, in *very* orthodox red shirts, and with a *very* small engine. Then followed the Bloomsburg Brass Band preceding the Odd Fellows, the American Mechanics, The Knight Templar and the Red Men came in order. After marching through the principal streets they were dismissed for dinner. In the afternoon the Fantastics made their appearance and spent the rest of the day on the street.

The program me as contemplated was not carried out. Bad weather and worse side walks prevented the Velocipede race from taking place, although there were two of those remarkable vehicles on hand. There were no speeches, no reading of the Declaration of Independence, not much enthusiasm. In fact the exercises were somewhat flat, stale, and unprofitable and not at all up to the capacity of Bloomsburg. There were many people from the country present although not as many as last year.

FIRE AT DANVILLE.—The engine house of the L. & B. R. R. Co., at Danville, was set on fire Sunday night about ten o'clock, and burned to the ground. Two locomotives (the Luzerne, eight drivers, and the Montour, four drivers,) were in the building, and were also destroyed, with the exception of the running gear and boilers. They were brought to Kingston to-day. The loss is estimated at about $3,000. There was no insurance on the building, and we do not know whether there was any on the locomotives. The Montour had left the shop only last Friday, where she had been fixing up at an expense of about eight thousand dollars, and the Luzerne came out repaired only a short time since. It is quite a loss for the L. & B. Co., their increasing business demanding the use of all and even more motive power than they can command.

GEN. GRANT was called the soldier's friend, but since his accession to power he has turned nine-tenths of the soldiers appointed by Johnson out of their places and put in civilians. In many cases maimed white soldiers have been dismissed to make room for lusty negroes.

THE Radicals don't want anymore such victories as that in Virginia until after October. Grant's Cabinet decides to postpone the Mississippi and Texas elections. Do they suppose the people will fail to see through such a dodge?

WE give up a portion of our space this week to letters from the people. We are always glad to hear from them.

The Columbia County Invasion.

XIV

THE TRIALS.

The sentences of several of the prisoners whose convictions were mentioned in our last number, were as follows: Benjamin C. Colley one year, at labor; Joseph Vanaickle the same; Valentine Fell and John Lemons each six months, also with labor, (Col. Dem. Feb. 4, 1865,) Mr. Fell's trial was concluded January 14, 1865 and was, we believe, the last of those already referred to.

We have said that Wessels, the Judge, Advocate, rejoiced greatly over his success in those early trials and looked forward with confidence to his coming reward. But one of the remaining cases gave him some concern and, as proceedings upon it progressed, no little trouble. It was that of Daniel M'Henry, Treasurer of Columbia county, whose conviction was greatly desired but who showed from the outset an unmistakable disposition and intention to make vigorous fight and to overcome if possible the enormous difficulties which stood in the way of a full, fair and triumphant defense. He was not allowed to go home and prepare for trial, nor was there much to encourage continued resistance in the circumstances which surrounded him. His counsel even, (who were very intelligent gentlemen,) advised him that a defense would be useless, as, in their opinion, the Commission would convict without much regard to any evidence which might be produced, and the Judge Advocate whose control over the result was almost absolute was evidently hostile and anxious to convict him. Nevertheless our friend from Stillwater remained unmoved and undiscouraged in the position he had taken, and we say advisedly that the people of this county generally as well as his fellow prisoners are under deep obligations to him for his exhibition of courage, fortitude, energy and sound judgment at that time. Thereby he secured their vindication as well as his own—the turning back of the tide of Radical defamation which theretofore had moved on unchecked, and the regular collection of evidence for a righteous judgment by history upon the subject of the Invasion.

His friends collected his witnesses with the advantage of the light afforded by the previous trials, and (after vexatious and expensive delays interposed by the prosecution) his case was fully heard and an honorable judgment of acquittal was pronounced. But pending the consideration of his case the case of Stott E. Colley was called for trial (Nov. 21, 1864) and a large part of his witnesses were examined in Mr. Colley's defense, thus narrowing the field of investigation when his own case was proceeded with on the 14th of December. The evidence taken in the two cases must therefore be considered together in order that we may possess ourselves of complete information when we come to examine the charges or articles of accusation against the prisoners. Those charges were very nearly the same in all the cases tried, but only in the cases of Mr. Colley and Mr. M'Henry was full defence made and records in all respects satisfactory made up.

On the Colley trial the veracity of Edward M'Henry (the principal Government witness) was successfully assailed and his credit broken. The character and purposes of the Club meetings of 1863 were also shown to have been entirely lawful and innocent and the important fact that the last one of them had been held more than a year before the Invasion was put beyond dispute. In that trial too, and still more fully in the trial of Mr. M'Henry, the Rantz meeting of Aug. 11th 1864 was explained and relieved from most of the imputations cast upon it by the prosecution, while the fact that it had been held *after the troops came to the county* and therefore could not have caused their being sent here, was placed in bold relief. This evidence met and exploded all the general charges upon which it was sought to justify the Invasion and upon which the prior convictions had taken place. Absolutely nothing was left of all the matters of general accusation against the prisoners and the Invasion stood utterly condemned before its own extraordinary and partial tribunal—the Military Commission—and in the presence of all the people. By the unanimous acquittal of Mr. Colley and Mr. M'Henry slander was silenced and the political raid upon Columbia county placed forever beyond justification or excuse.

It is true that particular charges of *disloyal discourse* were made against the prisoners, or some of them, in addition to the general matters of accusation. So far as these related to Mr. Colley and Mr. M'Henry their futility and injustice will appear when we come to recite the evidence in their cases in future numbers. But we will here remark concerning these charges against the prisoners generally, that they were quite secondary or subordinate to the main ones before mentioned, that they were supported by very doubtful or tainted testimony in most cases, and that they were in their very nature vague, uncertain or suspicious. Besides, the discourses which the prosecution attempted to prove under this head of accusation were almost invariably mere improprieties of speech and their utterance could not constitute a criminal offence. In fact, the alleged disloyal remarks of some of the prisoners were obviously introduced upon their trials rather as confirmatory of the general charges of criminal conduct made against them, and to color their cases with odium, than as distinct and substantive offenses.

INFORMATION WANTED.—About the 29th day of April last, Mr. Levi D. Zinn, a Mason in good standing of Lake Erie Lodge, No. 317, at Girard, Pennsylvania suddenly disappeared and has not since been seen or heard from.

Mr. Zinn is 26 years of age, is 5 feet 7 inches high, black hair, black eyes, thin dark moustache, florid complexion, erect and has one front tooth gone. He had on when he left home a dark brown suit of clothes and stiff round-top hat.

It is feared that he has been foully dealt with, and any information of his fate or whereabouts will be thankfully received by addressing the same to D. E. Day, Secretary of Lake Erie Lodge, A. Y. M. No. 317, Girard, Pennsylvania. Editors are requested to copy the above.

A NEGRO has been appointed to office in Texas, over a dozen white Union soldiers who were applicants. This is the Grant soldier programme.

Communicated.

CENTRALIA, July 5, 1869.

Editor Columbian:—The miners of our place have changed their programme and have all gone to work again and consequently have made business of all kinds look promising. There, have been two gangs of men prospecting for coal near Mountania City about one mile north of our borough, and I learned that both parties have found and proved a vein of coal to be more than twenty feet thick, of first quality. I am informed that two first class breakers are to be erected as soon as possible. When they are finished and in operation they will materially add to the business of our place. Things look bright here again and the present appearance indicates a lengthy continuance of business. More hereafter.

ENA.

P. S. I have almost omitted adverting to and giving you some idea of a noted arrival in our borough. A few days since, while standing upon the sidewalk near our principal Hotel, I observed a fine team arriving containing two gentlemen; upon inquiring who they were I was informed that the most dignified of the two gentlemen was *1st Lieutenant Colonel M. S. Hughes of Catawissa*, who holds a 1st Lieutenant's commission under *Colonel Sam Knorr* of your place. Having heard considerable of the reputation of the Lieutenant and never having had the pleasure of making his acquaintence I determined at once so to do and was introduced to him by a friend of mine. The Colonel is a fine looking person about middle-aged, sports a fine moustache, rather quick spoken, and although the Colonel was not attired in full military garb, having nothing to indicate his *Rank* except two stripes upon his pantaloons, yet altogether as an officer he made rather a fine appearance and no doubt would do good service in fighting the right kind of battles. In order to give you a perfect idea of the appearance of the Colonel you may place him in your mind's eye as ranking in appearance between General Grant and Samuel Knorr former Colonel of the Ethiopians. Upon further inquiry I learned that his business here was to look up subscribers to the *Bloomsburg Republican* grant *sheep* butcher licenses and other business pertaining to the Internal Revenue such as whiskey and Lager beer, inspections, &c. for which services I was told he received a monthly salary from the government varying from ten to twenty dollars. Rather a nice thing that.

ENA

New Columbus Grave Yard.

THE memory of our loved and lost is embalmed in the heart's best and most sacred affection. The fact that they are no longer denizens of Earth and are no more among men, does not annihilate our love nor in the least cause a forgetfulness of the golden link that bound our hearts to theirs, while we tabernacled together in the flesh. And yet since the 3rd inst., we have almost concluded there is one exception:—*one community* whose love for departed friends has been buried in the grave with the dead dust of their kindred.

We felt sad as we beheld the condition of the Grave Yard in the Borough of New Columbus (on the occasion of our visitation there, to witness the celebration of the 93d anniversary of American Independence on Saturday) desecrated by the grazing of Cattle, rooting of hogs, dilapidated fence, etc.

We noticed that some persons had shielded their own burial lots by the erection of a substantial pale fence. One of them, has set the community an example worthy of imitation by having had built two rods of stone wall, hoping we have no doubt, that his example would inspire the rest with the disposition to follow his example.

If a stranger may be permitted to express an opinion, I would say that the Grave Yard in New Columbus does not in the least, *compliment the borough*. It is a shame, a disgrace, and we do trust that the citizens will awake to a realization of their *criminal neglect* of the dead and redeem their past negligence by immediately building a creditable wall around the entire Yard.

STRANGER.

Catawissa, July 12, 1869.

Andalusia College Commencement.

The fourth annual commencement of this rapidly rising literary institution which came off Tuesday, the 29th ult., afforded to the large and highly cultivated audience in attendance a rare literary and social entertainment.

The degree of Bachelor of Commercial Law was conferred upon the following gentlemen:—E. H. BALDY JR., E. L. CUMMINGS, S. M. FOX, W. T. GARRISON, W. G. HILL.

The Orations for the most part were delivered with such force, spirit and genuine oratorial ability as to elicit the highest applause.

The Latin Salutatory, delivered by W. G. HILL, was enunciated in a clear and distinct voice, and was pronounced by competent judges to be a superior production.

The Class Orations for 1867 and 1868 were delivered by Messrs Grimshaw and Platt. Every one present concurred in recognizing the high character of these speeches, and the unquestionable excellence in oratorical endowments of the speakers.

The Valedictory Oration, by E. H. BALDY of Danville, was effectively delivered, and received with hearty applause. Taking as his theme "the age we live in," he held the attention of the audience throughout by the able and scholarly manner in which he handled his subject.

His address was ably and well delivered and evinced great originality, careful thought and scholarly ability.

His parting words to the class were particularly beautiful and appropriate. The commencement was one of the largest and most gratifying ever held by the college.

H. H. C.

ASSESSOR.—Many of the true and earnest Republicans, who "born the burden and heat of the day," will demand the removal of Knoor. When positions in the gift of the party fall in the hands of the factious, and are used to distract and to destroy its harmony, it is time to ask for a change; especially when the Jack-daw, "strutting in a little brief authority," ignores the power that made him. No wonder the Democratic press rushes to his defence, and seizes upon his action as a "trump card" against our representative!—*Montour American.*

Does Polly want a cracker?

THE Republicans during every political campaign make great pretensions of love for the soldier. Their professions are forgotten as soon as the election is over. One of the recent demonstrations of this kind has been the removal of the soldiers employed in one of the departments at Washington, and the retention of those who never saw a battlefield, but remained at home, shouting "copperhead" and drawing their pay from the government. What is now taking place in Washington has been the course of action all over the country ever since Grant came into office. Veterans and even disabled soldiers have been forced to give way for the stay-at-home politicians.

THE Radicals in Tennessee are becoming alarmed at the report that the Democrats are to put a candidate for Governor in the field, with fair prospects of his election. Senter is trying to prevent it by bidding high for Democratic votes.

WE are requested to give notice that Rev. John S. Miller, Pastor of the Danville Baptist Church, will preach in the Baptist Church at this place on next Wednesday evening at 7.30 P. M.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

TO EGO OF CATAWISSA.

When the pale moon's gentle beam,
O'er the earth reflects its ray,
And the songsters of the wood,
Are hushed, and the close of day,
Hath come, the weary sound of toil
Hath ceased, the evening air doth
The song of peace and joy doth bear,
Light gladsome voices joyous sing
With not a trace of pain or care
In singing voice, or on fair brow,
And yet methinks beneath a
Smiling face oft lies a troubled
Heart; perchance 'tis breaking with,
An untold unwept for sorrow,
'Twas thus.

The shades of night were falling
O'er the earth, Ego, when forth
From our homes we gladly rode,
Hearts and voices were joyous free
And happy for aught that we
The world would show: joyous free,
We could not brook a thought of home,
But would return ere yet the moon
Had risen high in yon heaven.
Onward we rode, away, away,
Far from the haunts of man, where
Nature reigned supreme. But
This lagging pace is far too slow
For spirits full of life. One pony
Up the weary hill is fain
O'r times to pause for rest, while
We impatient wait till he
Doth start again, Even while we
Loiter'd slowly on, the day light
All had fled, and in yon heav'n
The clear moon shining brightly.
Ego do you remember
The mystic spell that held its sway
O'er us how silently we rode along,
Until we nearly lost our way,
Then how with dauntless courage
Inex left yon alone, while she
Within the doors of a distant
Farm-house, not a sound was heard
All was silent as the tomb?
Oh! how I started as a voice
Just at my feet in gruff tones
Demanded my errand there,
Do you remember Ego
What merriment we had o'er this,
How when the first alarm was o'er
I told you what had startled me,
Those gruff fierce tones how very rude?
But, Ego dear what else could we
Expect, from him for Ego he
Was only a man!

Then on again at a swifter
Speed we hastened, the shadows
Growing longer, and then Ego
Our pony grew so shy [not we]
He started at the slightest sound
And shied at distant shadows.
While we Ego were not afraid,
Oh no, the calm quiet evening
Brought for us no alarm. We
Hastened our pony's speed because
'Twas growing late and the folks
At home would grow uneasy.
Then Ego
Do you remember the flash
And gleam of that distant fire,
How we pitied the helpless ones
So far from human aid, e'en there
We fancied we could hear their cries
For help, fancy we heard the
Mother call for rescue for her,
Child. Ah me, and we too far
Away, to give them any aid.
And then Ego when we saw
Farther on another and
Another blazing high, we knew,
'Twas not a home only the land
Was being burn'd? Methinks
I hear some man say this was
Like a woman's fears, all nothing,
But if it had been a man
He would have run, at breakneck pace
While we sat calm, collected,
Because we knew we could not
Reach in time to aid and thus
You see we learned by waiting
What a man would have learned
By running, thus you see how far
We surpass you in patience.
Then Ego, how our homeward
Ride was checked by more romance,
Our Pony shied and shied because,
Something dangled by his face
What do you call it, I forget,
Or else perhaps never knew,
A sort of leather strap which
I believe they use to fasten
Pony to the stall, however
That may be, the pony shied
And we knew not what to do.
At length we called a man
Because you know if *they are* rough
And rude they still sometimes may be,
For the sake of their aid merely,
Tolerated. Once more our way
Toward home we take and now
We find no more of danger near,
But dreamily enjoy the calm
Sweet spirit of the moonlight eve,
Like fairies on their flow'ry domain.
We hasten on, ah! me methinks
We are rather substantial
Fairies, of the kind who love
To eat and drink and make a noise.
But Ego 'twas a pleasant ride
Though our pony grew fearful
And often times shied in alarm,
We were not fearful of harm
Then Ego, dear Ego, never
No never forget our moonlight ride.

Bloomsburg Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$1 30
Rye "	1 25
Corn "	80
Oats "	65
Flour per barrel	10 00
Cloverseed	8 00
Flaxseed	2 10
Butter	30
Eggs	14
Tallow	12
Potatoes	75
Dried Apples	2 75
Hams	16
Sides and Shoulders	12
Lard per pound	16
Hay per ton	20 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$18 00
Pine " " (one inch)	18 00
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	8 00
" " 2 " "	7 00
Siding " "	18 00
Boxes	
No. 1 Scotch pig	$32
No. 2 "	30
Bloom	34

Light Street Markets.

Corrected weekly by Peter Ent, wholesale and retail dealer in grain, flour & feed and general merchandize.

Wheat per bushel	$1 20
Rye "	1 00
Corn "	70
Buck Wheat	1 10
Oats "	70
Wheat Flour per 100 lbs	$4 50
Rye " "	3 50
Buck Wheat Flour	3 50
Corn Chop,	2 10
Bran,	1 50
Butter per lb	30
Eggs per doz.,	20
Potatoes per bus	60
Dried Apples "	2 00
Smoked Side meat per lb	18
" Shoulder "	18
" Ham "	18
Lard " lb	18

Philadelphia Markets.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$5 00@5 12½
Northwestern extra	5 75@6 25
Northwestern family	7 00@7 50
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	5 00@5 50
Pennsylvania and Western extra	5 75@6 87½
Pennsylvania and Western family	6 50@11 00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	11 50@18 25
Rye flour	7 25
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ₩ bus	$1 08@1 20
Southern " "	1 06@1 16
California " "	2 00@2 75
" white "	2 30
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, ₩ bus	$1 10@1 12
CORN—Yellow, "	1 45@1 46
White, "	90@91
OATS—Bbls	$1 17@1 17
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ₩ bbl	Tonnage
Mess Beef, "	$31 50
Pressed Hogs, ₩ lb	21 50
Smoked Hams "	09@09½
" shoulders ₩ lb	17@18
Lard, ₩ lb	12
SEEDS—Cloverseed ₩ bus	10@10½
Timothyseed ₩ bus	$7 00@7 25
Flaxseed "	2 75
CATTLE—Best Cattle ₩ lb	$2 75
Cows, ₩ head	9@11c
SHEEP—₩ lb	$55@65
HOGS—₩ 100 lbs	6@6½c
	$16 50@17 50

MARRIAGES.

FOULK—BOMBOY—At the residence of the bride's parents near Buck Horn, by the Rev. J. Mowry, Mr. Benjamin F. Foulk of Turbotville, to Miss Maggie E. Bomboy.

GALLASPIE—MUSGROVE—On the 1st inst at the residence of the bride's parents by the Rev. N. Spear Mr. John W. Gallaspie to Miss R. E. Musgrove, all of Greenwood.

SIMPSON—STILES—On the 4th inst at Town Hill, by Rev. E. Wadsworth, Mr. Milton Simpson to Miss Kivin Stiles, both of Benton Columbia county, Pa.

DEATHS.

LEE—In Jerseytown this county on Saturday July 10th 1869, John Philip son of Daniel and Rebecca Lee aged 12 years, 11 month and 29 days.

NOTICE.

My wife Sarah, having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby notified not to trust or harbor my said wife Sarah as I will not pay for her maintenance or any bills of her contracting after this date.

Benton township Col. co. July 15th 1869.
July 16,'69.-3* CHARLES YOUNG.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

TO EGO OF CATAWISSA.

When the pale moon's gentle beam,
O'er the earth reflects its ray,
And the songsters of the wood,
Are hushed, and the close of day,
Hath come, the weary sound of toil
Hath ceased, the evening air doth
The song of peace and joy doth bear,
Light gladsome voices joyous sing
With not a trace of pain or care
In singing voice, or on fair brow,
And yet methinks beneath a
Smiling face oft lies a troubled
Heart; perchance 'tis breaking with,
An untold unwept for sorrow,
'Twas thus.

The shades of night were falling
O'er the earth, Ego, when forth
From our homes we gladly rode,
Hearts and voices were joyous free
And happy for aught that we
The world would show: joyous free,
We could not brook a thought of home,
But would return ere yet the moon
Had risen high in yon heaven.
Onward we rode, away, away,
Far from the haunts of man, where
Nature reigned supreme. But
This lagging pace is far too slow
For spirits full of life. One pony
Up the weary hill is fain
O'r times to pause for rest, while
We impatient wait till he
Doth start again, Even while we
Loiter'd slowly on, the day light
All had fled, and in yon heav'n
The clear moon shining brightly.
Ego do you remember
The mystic spell that held its sway
O'er us how silently we rode along,
Until we nearly lost our way,
Then how with dauntless courage
Inex left yon alone, while she
Within the doors of a distant
Farm-house, not a sound was heard
All was silent as the tomb?
Oh! how I started as a voice
Just at my feet in gruff tones
Demanded my errand there,
Do you remember Ego
What merriment we had o'er this,
How when the first alarm was o'er
I told you what had startled me,
Those gruff fierce tones how very rude?
But, Ego dear what else could we
Expect, from him for Ego he
Was only a man!

Then on again at a swifter
Speed we hastened, the shadows
Growing longer, and then Ego
Our pony grew so shy [not we]
He started at the slightest sound
And shied at distant shadows.
While we Ego were not afraid,
Oh no, the calm quiet evening
Brought for us no alarm. We
Hastened our pony's speed because
'Twas growing late and the folks
At home would grow uneasy.
Then Ego
Do you remember the flash
And gleam of that distant fire,
How we pitied the helpless ones
So far from human aid, e'en there
We fancied we could hear their cries
For help, fancy we heard the
Mother call for rescue for her,
Child. Ah me, and we too far
Away, to give them any aid.
And then Ego when we saw
Farther on another and
Another blazing high, we knew,
'Twas not a home only the land
Was being burn'd? Methinks
I hear some man say this was
Like a woman's fears, all nothing,
But if it had been a man
He would have run, at breakneck pace
While we sat calm, collected,
Because we knew we could not
Reach in time to aid and thus
You see we learned by waiting
What a man would have learned
By running, thus you see how far
We surpass you in patience.
Then Ego, how our homeward
Ride was checked by more romance,
Our Pony shied and shied because,
Something dangled by his face
What do you call it, I forget,
Or else perhaps never knew,
A sort of leather strap which
I believe they use to fasten
Pony to the stall, however
That may be, the pony shied
And we knew not what to do.
At length we called a man
Because you know if *they are* rough
And rude they still sometimes may be,
For the sake of their aid merely,
Tolerated. Once more our way
Toward home we take and now
We find no more of danger near,
But dreamily enjoy the calm
Sweet spirit of the moonlight eve,
Like fairies on their flow'ry domain.
We hasten on, ah! me methinks
We are rather substantial
Fairies, of the kind who love
To eat and drink and make a noise.
But Ego 'twas a pleasant ride
Though our pony grew fearful
And often times shied in alarm,
We were not fearful of harm
Then Ego, dear Ego, never
No never forget our moonlight ride.

POLITICAL.

County Convention.

The Democratic voters of the several Districts in Columbia county are requested to meet at the usual places of holding the general elections, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1869, between the hours of three o'clock in the afternoon and seven o'clock in the afternoon of that day, and elect by ballot two persons to represent the District in a County Convention to be held at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on Monday, August 2d at 12 o'clock, noon, to select two Senatorial conferees to meet similar conferees from the other counties of the District, to nominate a candidate for Senator; two Representative conferees to meet similar conferees from the other county in the District to nominate a candidate for Member of Assembly; and to nominate one person for Associate Judge; one person for Prothonotary; one person for Register and Recorder; one person for Treasurer; one person for County Commissioner; one person for Coroner; and one person for County Auditor; To be supported by the Democratic party at the coming election:

By order of the Committee.
JOHN A. FUNSTON,
Chairman.

Candidates for Nomination.

The following gentlemen have been mentioned for nomination to the several County Offices to be filled by election the present year, and their names will be presented for the consideration of the Democratic County Convention:

REPRESENTATIVE,

GEORGE SCOTT,
CATAWISSA TOWNSHIP.
(Subject to the decision of the conferees of Columbia and Montour counties.)

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

J. R. JAMESON,
MAIN TOWNSHIP.

SAMUEL CREASEY,
MIFFLIN TOWNSHIP.

H. J. REEDER,
FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP.

CHARLES F. MANN,
BEAVER TOWNSHIP.

PROTHONOTARY.

WELLINGTON H. ENT,
SC

The Columbian.

OMSBURG, FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1869.

B. BROCKWAY has sold his residence ird Street to Col. John G. Freeze.

THDRAWAL.—Mr. D. B. Hampton re- us to withdraw his name as candidate omination to the office of Register and rder.

ur Delegate election will take place Sat- y, July 31st, and the Convention will the Monday following. In a portion of st edition a mistake occurred as to the

E. of Greenwood claims the authorship poem recently sent us. Not being ac- anied by a responsible name we threw o the waste paper basket, and it cannot be found.

BORROWERS.—During the past three we have loaned out many books and sines which our friends have forgotten turn. We now make the request that be returned, as we frequently have use hem.

the advertisement in another place it o be seen that the Fall term of Greenwood inary, again under the charge of its old ptor, Mr. Burgess, will open on the 16th ugust. We also learn that the exercises e present term will terminate with a e Exhibition by the students on Satur- vening of this week.

n have received a work entitled "Our s and our Rights or outlines of the Unit- tates Government." published by Par- & Co, 738 Sansom St. Philadelphia. well worthy of attention, giving as it an explanation of the workings of the us Departments, public works, &c. with rt history of each State and various of general interest. For sale only by ription. M. Wynkoop Agent for Co- ia county.

NEEDED IMPROVEMENT.—We are pleas- notice that the County Commissioners placed in the Court House two fine oilers. This will not only shorten our s by enabling the bench and bar to hold sessions, but will add to the revenues e County in the higher rent that can be ed for the use of the audience room. old dingy thing which they replace was grace to the County, and only served to darkness visible.

e Democrats of Ohio have nominated Rosecrans as their candidate for Gov- *That means victory!* "Rosey," as his rs fondlingly called him, was always a ite in the West, and under his leader- they won many of their proudest victor- In the last Gubernatorial election the al majority was only 2,983. In addi- to having a popular candidate, negro ge is made a direct issue between the s. In every direction the skies are tening.

ROCK BY LIGHTNING.—The Lutheran ch in Catawissa, Rev. Wm. J. Eyer r, was struck by lightning during the of Thursday of last week. The spire truck first, then the electric current pass- the bell injuring it to some extent, over the comb of the roof and down ground. The damage to the building ot great, the heavy fall of rain and the exertions of citizens preventing the fire doing much injury.

THDRAWAL.—At the request of W. B. Esq., we this week withdraw his as candidate before the people for nom- n to the office of County Treasurer. Coons takes this course because his con- and unremitting duties as one of the rds of the Exchange prevents him making a thorough canvass of the y. To various friends throughout the y who proposed to support him for this he makes his warm acknowledgments, hall hold them in friendly remembrance

OOR GAMBLE.—Last winter that notor obbyist, Peter Herdic, by corrupt means red the repeal of the Act creating the Judicial District, the offset of which o oust Judge Gamble. Geary lent his this infamous scheme, but the Supreme t has *unanimously* decided the repeal nstitutional, and Judge Gamble retains District.

e Court, although Republican in politics, not sustain so gross an outrage. *The law might have been directed at them,* ation of the Radicals at Washington.

SHOOTING ACCIDENT.—Geo. K. Green oyed in the Planing Mill of Mortz, Elli- Co., in Williamsport, whilst attending ular saw in that establishment on Satur- last came to his death in a peculiar and ful manner. The saw which was run- at the rate of 4000 revolutions per ute, in some manner caught in a plank threw it violently off, striking Mr. Green, was standing some five feet distant from saw, in the stomach. After lingering in pain until Monday, death put an end sufferings. He was about 26 years of and a former resident of Lime Ridge.

e have on our Book Table the "Secret ory of the Southern Confederacy" by ard A. Pollard, author of "The Lost e." This is by far the most interesting which has as yet appeared relative to Great Rebellion. The inner life of the federacy is ably and faithfully described the intrigues of the Cabinet of Jefferson fully exposed. No one should fail to this book. It is for sale only by sub- tion. Agents wanted for every county. ees National Publishing Company, Phil- phia.

E would solemnly protest against the eless practice of beating tin pans and ing hideous uproars before the dwellings ewly married couples. There is no hu- or good nature in the matter, and the tice should be stopped. It is an offence nst good order and decency, and the par- ants are liable to arrest for disturbing peace of the community. The accident r. Vanderslice and ladies which endang- the lives of the party, was caused by of these noisy gangs of boys. Let our d Woodward keep an eye on them.

BREAK OF LIGHTNING.—On Sunday, the ult., the barn of I. K. Krickbaum, in Benton was struck by lightning. thunder-bolt struck the comb of the and then divided in three parts; one ing off at the end, one following the b to the other end and tearing off a part the gable, and the other following a rafter n to the eaves, and then striking down to basement, glanced through the granary. alarm was at once raised, but no fire discovered, although the granary was of smoke, and a sulphurous smell pervad- the barn. We suppose the thing was e when is struck.

THE damp weather having affected our rollers unfavorably we are unable to obtain a clear impression this week.

ST. PAUL'S Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg is up to the square, and the roofing timbers and gables are being rapidly placed.

A NUMBER of baskets and plates which were left at the Institute after the Festival, are at the house of Dr. J. C. Rutter on Market St. and can be obtained upon application.

STILL ANOTHER RUNAWAY.—Last week as Thomas Stackhouse was driving his team, attached to a load of lumber, near John Cornelison's house in Pine Township, the horses took fright and ran at a furious pace throwing Mr. Stackhouse from the wagon and under the wheels. One of his legs was broken in two places and we understand, his arm. The wagon was utterly destroyed but the horses were uninjured.

RUNAWAYS.—On Wednesday last a horse of B. Stohner's took fright on Market Street and ran away, throwing out the driver, Daniel Boice, and his son; fortunately without injuring them. The horse was caught before destroying the wagon or hurting himself.

On the same day the horse of Mr. Daniel Creasy of Light Street whilst standing in front of Paxton & Harman's Store at Rupert, was frightened by a passing locomotive and ran away. He was stopped after running a short distance, but not until he had succeeded in utterly destroying his harness and cutting himself somewhat.

OUR friend Wm. P. Furey has sold his interest in the Clinton *Democrat*, and is succeeded by Messrs. Whaley & Orth. Mr. Furey made the *Democrat* one of the best papers in the State. While under his charge it was considerably enlarged, and a fine power press added. Besides being a capital writer, Mr. Furey was an accomplished speaker and did good service last fall. Our best wishes accompany him.

His successors have a first rate reputation, and the interests of the Democracy of Clinton are safe in their hands. The *Democrat* will thrive, we trust, under their management.

PROF. WICKERSHAM, Supt. of Common Schools, has called a State Convention of County Superintendents to meet at Harrisburg on Tuesday, July 20th. All friends of Education are invited to be present. The object is to transact business and to discuss methods of increasing the efficiency of our school system. Superintendents Barkley and Grundy are to open the discussion on the question—"When should our Co. Institutes be held, and how should they be conducted?" Can anything be substituted in cities and large towns for the County Institutes, as now conducted, which will be more to the professional advantage of the teachers?

THE REGISTRY LAW.—Last week we published a synopsis of Judge Sharswood's decision of the Registry Law. It has since gone before the Supreme Court, and has been decided constitutional, Judges Thompson and Sharswood dissenting. By this decision an odious law is fastened upon our people, and hundreds of dollars of unnecessary expense upon the people of our county. Its object is to keep the laboring and poorer classes away from the polls, because they are believed to be Democrats. However, it is now a law and we should endeavor to conform to its burdensome provisions. It was published in the COLUMBIAN a few months ago.

WE have received the first number of *The North Carolinian*, published at Elizabeth City, N. C. by Dr. P. John, formerly of this place. So far as type, size, and general appearance of the new paper is concerned, the Doctor has shown his good sense by imitating THE COLUMBIAN, even the title letter being of the same size and pattern.

The copy before us bears evidence of Paleon's usual vim and ability and we doubt not the *North Carolinian* will at once take front rank among the journals of the "Old North State." Dr. John, though differing with us politically is not a carpet-bagger in the ordinary sense of the term, and has removed to North Carolina with the intention of making it his permanent residence, and aid by capital and labor to develop its resources, and advocate its material interests. We hope he will achieve business success and political failure.

POLICE ITEMS.—Saturday the 3rd inst., kept as the Anniversary of the National Independence, was a very quiet day. There was but little drunkenness or disorderly conduct. The town was filled with strangers who were as far as we have heard unmolested. Constable Woodward however made the following arrests: John Fry, on a warrant, for fighting; James McCormick for the same offence, the other party in the affair being Wm. Thomas already under bail for a previous occurrence of the kind. John Kompton of Lime Ridge was also taken into custody for an unprovoked assault, it being one of two or three offences of the like description committed during the day. As a holiday it may be considered to have been creditably free from disorders. On Saturday last William Girard was arrested for fighting and Thomas Thomas on a warrant for a similar offence committed some time since. Thomas is the third of the same family who has been arrested by Constable Woodward.

SERIOUS RUNAWAY.—On Wednesday evening at about nine o'clock as Mr. Jefferson Vanderslice accompanied by two ladies, was driving into town, his horse, which was a young one, became frightened at Main and Iron Streets by the noise created by some boys with tin pans, and ran off, throwing out Mr. Vanderslice and the ladies, one of whom, Mrs. Sterner, was severely bruised. The horse rushed furiously down Main St. and at the corner of Market slipped and fell, breaking his leg in three places. It having been determined to kill the poor animal, the deed was finally accomplished after much expenditure of powder and ball in shooting and of muscle in swinging a sledge-hammer. To the gentlemen engaged in the humane task of putting the unfortunate brute out of misery, whilst appreciating their humanity, we would suggest the study of the Comparative Anatomy of the Horse. The noble animal possesses vital parts, a fact of which there appeared to be some doubt; and a ball in the brain or heart is worth pounds of lead distributed through the muscular parts of the body. Neither Mr. Vanderslice nor the ladies were seriously injured.

THE increasing number of sudden and unexpected deaths occurring in our midst, warns us to secure some certain sum for the benefit of our families should the Destroying Angel visit us. There is no better way than to take out a policy in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the oldest and wealthiest Company in the United States. Assets thirty-two millions of dollars. F. COOLEY, Agent,

Obituary.

Jacob Eyer was born July 25th, 1794, in Lower Mount Bethel township in the county of Northampton Pa., and died at Eyer's grove, Columbia county, Pa, July 8, 1869, aged 74 years, 11 months and 13 days.

Few men were better or more favorably known in this community than Jacob Eyer. He was a christian and a gentleman. In his infancy he was baptized, and at a proper age he was confirmed by Rev. F. J. Engle and received as a member of the Ev. Lutheran Church, of which organization he remained all his life an exemplary member.

In the year 1795 he emigrated with his father Ludwig Eyer to Columbia county, and settled upon the land upon which Bloomsburg is now located. It was for many years known as Eyersburg. In the Luthern and German Reformed burying ground is a monument with the following inscription.

"Immemory of Ludwig Eyer, born Jan. 8 1767, died Sept. 3d, 1814, in the 48th year of his age. He left a widow, six sons, and four daughters to deplore his loss. He was proprietor of Bloomsburg, laid out in 1802, and presented this spare to the Luthern and Presbyterian (German) congregations for a church and burying-ground in 1807."

Local Notices.

Third Street Graded School will open August 2nd. Teachers, Mrs. Wynkoop and Miss Senie Smith. 2t

EASE, ELEGANCE, ECONOMY.—For all three go to Lowenberg's and get yourself one of his unsurpassed suits. It is not an unusual sight to see customers leaving his establishment with the tears of gratitude in their eyes for the perfect comfort they enjoy with their new garments. Lowenberg's is the place without doubt.

JUST received for sale 100 barrels Fresh Rosendale Cement with discount to the trade. PAXTON & HARMAN, 1t Rupert, Pa.

IMMENSE REDUCTION IN PIANOS.—The Chickering Pianos, which took the "Grand Gold Medal" at the Paris Exhibition, and the still higher recompense, "*the cross of the Legion of Honor*," are now selling at greatly reduced prices, the discount system being abolished. L. B. Powell, 116 Penn avenue, Scranton, Pa., is their wholesale agent for a large portion of the State of Pennsylvania and New York. Send to his address for the new circulars and price lists, containing full explanations, which will be furnished free upon application. Mr. Powell is also wholesale agent for the celebrated Mason & Hamlin Organs, and dealer in all kinds of Musical Merchandise. 2t.

Special Notice.

A GREAT REMEDY.
FOR THE CURE OF
THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES,
Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial.

It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree, obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the tar, by which its highest medical properties are retained.

It is the only safeguard and reliable remedy which has ever been prepared from the juice of the Pine Tree.

It invigorates the digestive organs and restores the appetite.

It strengthens the debilitated system.

It purifies and enriches the blood, and expels from the system the corruption which scrofula breeds on the tissues.

It dissolves the mucus or phlegm which stops the air-passages of the lungs.

By healing principle acts upon the irritated surfaces of the lungs and throat, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving pain and enduring inflammation.

It is the result of years of study and experiment, and it is offered to the afflicted, with the positive assurance of its power to cure the following diseases, if the patient has not too long delayed a resort to the happy remedy, to wit:

Consumption of the Lungs, Coughs, Sore Throat, and Breast, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Blind and Bleeding Piles, Asthma, Whooping Cough Dyspepsia, etc., etc.

We are often asked why we not other remedies in the market for Consumption, Coughs, Colds and other pulmonary affections equal to Dr. D. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial. We answer:

1st. It cures, not by stopping cough, but by loosening and assisting nature to throw off the unhealthy matter collected about the throat and bronchial tubes, causing irritation and cough.

2d. Most Throat and Lung Remedies are composed of mucilage, which allay the cough for awhile but by their constipating effect, the liver becomes inactivated, and the unhealthy bile or chyle mucilage and are retained in the system, causing disease beyond the control of our most eminent physicians.

3d. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial, with its medicants, are preferable, because they remove the cause of irritation of the mucous membrane and bronchial tubes, assist the lungs to act, and throw off the unhealthy secretions, and purify the blood, thus scientifically making the cure perfect.

Dr. Wishart has on file at his office hundreds and thousands of testimonials, from men and women of unquestionable character who were once hopelessly given up to die, but through the providence of God were triumphantly restored to health by the Pine Tree Tar Cordial. A Physician in attendance who can be consulted in person or by mail, free of charge. Price of Pine Tree Tar Cordial $1.50 per bottle, 6 bottles, $7.50 per Express on receipt of price. Address, DR. D. WISHART, M.D. No. 22 North 2d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

May 21, '69-1m

LET NOT PREJUDICE USURP YOUR REASON.—It is a fact that, in the minds of many persons, a prejudice exists against what are called patent medicines; but why should this prevent you resorting to an article that has such an array of testimony to support it as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS? Physicians prescribe it; why should you discard it? Judges, naturally considered men of talent, have used and do use it in their families; why should you reject it? Let not your prejudice usurp your reason to the everlasting injury of your health. If you are sick, and require a medicine, try these Bitters.

When the bodily energies are worn out by anxiety and need a stimulant, this is the best that can be taken. It is tempered and modified by hygienic herbs and roots, which prevent it from severing the blood; and hence it does not produce a mere temporary excitement, to be followed by injurious reaction, but communicates a permanent potency to the entire vital organization. Some of its herbal constituents are slightly aperient, so that in cases where sleeplessness is one of the accompaniments of nervous disease, a dose of it taken towards bedtime will tend to produce quiet and refreshing slumber. For palpitation of heart, tremors, hysterics, fainting fits, general restlessness and the countless fears and distressing fancies to which ladies are especially subject, under certain morbid conditions of mind and body peculiar to their sex, the Bitters will be found the most elegant cordial in Christendom, and the constitutionally nervous may readily keep their infirmity in constant check by the daily use of this healthful vegetable tonic; and those who have "shattered their nerves," as the phrase is, either by imprudent indulgence or undue physical or intellectual labor, will find in this vitalizing elixir a prompt restorative.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GROVER & BAKER'S

FIRST PREMIUM

ELASTIC STITCH

FAMILY

SEWING MACHINES,

495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

730 Chestnut Street Philadelphia,

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.

Beauty and Elasticity of Stitch.
Perfection and Simplicity of Machinery.
Using both threads directly from the spools.
No fastening of seams by hand and no waste of thread.
Wide range of application without change of adjustment.
The seam retains its beauty and firmness after washing and ironing.
Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent Embroidery and ornamental work.

—10:—

☞ The Highest Premiums at all the Fairs and Exhibitions of the United States and Europe, have been awarded the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, and the work done by them, wherever exhibited in competition.

—10:—

☞ The very highest prize, THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, was conferred on the representative of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, at the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1867, thus attesting their great superiority over all other Sewing Machines.

FOR SALE

BY

J. A. DORAN,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

June 25, '69-1y

EXCHANGE SALOON,

The Proprietor of the Exchange Saloon has now on hand a large stock of

SUMMER REFRESHMENTS,
consisting of
RAW OYSTERS, SALMON, TRIPE, BOLOGNAS
BEEF TONGUE, BOILED EGGS, SWEITZER CHEESE

LAGER BEER, ALE, &C.

☞ COME ONE, COME ALL AND SEE. ☜

LAWSON CALLAN,
Superintendent.

Bloomsburg, May 3, 1867.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF DR. JOHN P. KLINGE DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Dr. John P. Klinge late of Bloom twp., Columbia county, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to M. F. Eyerly of Bloom twp. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to to make payment.

M. F. EYERLY,
July 2, '69-6t. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF CHRISTIANNA REICHARD, DEC'D.

Letters of admr. de bonis non on the estate of Christiana Reichard, late of Madison twp. Col. County deceased, have been granted to the Register of said county to William Mastellar, who resides in Beckhorn Columbia county Pa. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to E. R. Ikeler, Esq., of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., and those indebted to make payment.

WILLIAM MASTELLER,
July 2, '69-6t. Administrator, *de bonis non.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE of ANDREW OHLASSER, deceased. Letters testamentary on the estate of Andrew Ohlasser, late of Hemlock twp., Columbia County, have been granted by the Register of Columbia county, to Rinehard Berger of Berwick Boro', Columbia Co. Pa. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to Mrs. Louisa Ohlasser, Bloomsburg, Columbia Co., Pa., and those indebted to the estate, either on note or book account will make payment to her without delay. RINEHARD BERGER,
June. 25, '69-6w Executor.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of certain writs of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed will be exposed to public sale on the Premises, on Monday, July 19th 1869, the following described real estate in Bloomsburg township, Columbia county, adjoining lands of the heirs of Enoch Coxe, lands of Daniel Berg, and the Columbia and Schuylkill county line, containing 23 Acres and 75 Perches of land, more or less, whereon are erected two frame Dwelling Houses, a Frame Stable, and saw Mill partly finished. There are about two acres cleared land, and a quantity of excellent timber on the premises. Also at the same time and place, all the personal property of Bell consisting partly as follows: Three Horses, several Cows, Wagons, Sleds and Harness, large lot of Lumber, saw Mill Fixings, Carpenter and Blacksmith tools, Farming Utensils and other articles too tedious to mention.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William G. Linville.

MORDECAI MILLARD,
June 25 '69. Sheriff.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia, County. In the matter of the estate of Frederick Rohrbach, deceased. On motion of Mr. Clark, Attorney for the estate, E. R. Little Esq., appointed Auditor to make distribution among the heirs of said decedent. By the Court.

From the Record. JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Bloomsburg, on Saturday the 7th day of August, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M. when and where parties interested may attend.

E. R. LITTLE, Auditor.

June 25, '69-3t.
[DERRICK GAZETTE COPY.]

WOOL WANTED.

The subscriber desires

30,000 POUNDS OF WOOL

in exchange for Fancy and Staple dry goods of all varieties and every style which he keeps constantly on hand, both of his own manufacture and other first class mills. The highest city prices will be allowed. Parties will find it to their advantage to deal with us and thereby secure the profit of traveling agents. J. E. SANES,
June 4, '69-6m Mordansville, Pa

SEND ONE DOLLAR AND GET by return mail one of LORING'S DOLLAR BOXES, of the richest initial French Note Paper. All the Ladies are in love with them.

Address LORING, Publisher,
1279-2m. Boston, Mass.

FOR NEAT AND CHEAP JOB PRINTING.
Call at The Columbian Office, Bloomsburg Pa

DRY GOODS.

1869. JULY. 1869.

IF YOU WANT A

BARGAIN

IN

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY,

GLOVES,

&C., &C.,

GO TO

M. P. LUTZ,

MAIN STREET,

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Apr. 2, '69-tf.

MILLER'S STORE.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

The subscriber has just returned from the cities with another large and select assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, purchased in New York and Philadelphia at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured elsewhere in Bloomsburg. His stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles:

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods,
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs

AND NOTIONS GENERALLY,

in short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which we invites the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.

S. H. MILLER & SON,
Arcade Buildings, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
AT PETER ENT'S STORE,
IN LIGHT STREET,
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received and has on hand at his old stand in Light Street, a large and select

ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE

purchased at the lowest figure, and which he determined to sell on as moderate terms as to be procured elsewhere in Light Street,

FOR CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

choicest styles and latest fashions,
Calicoes, Muslins,
Ginghams, Flannels,
Hosiery, Carpets,
Silks, Shawls,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Satinetts, Overalls,
Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans,
&C., &C., &C.

GROCERIES, MACKERAL,

Queensware, Cedarware, Hardware, Medicines, Drugs, Oils, Paints, &c.

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS

In short everything usually kept in a country store. The patronage of his old friends and the public generally, is respectfully solicited.

The highest market price paid for country produce.

PETER ENT.

Light Street, Nov. 8 1867.

SOMETHING NEW.

The undersigned begs leave to inform her friends and the public generally, that she has opened in

BLOOMSBURG,

a fresh stock

of goods in the line of

MILLINERY AND TRIMMING

in connection with Dress Making; and is prepared to exhibit to

COLOR OR STRAW HATS

on the shortest notice, and in the best style of the season. Prices cheap and work satisfactory.

MISS R. ELINE.

Light Street, October 2, 1867.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY

has just returned from Philadelphia, and has bought, and is now offering the best assortment of

FANCY GOODS,

TRIMMINGS,

BONNETS &c. &c.,

ever exhibited in Bloomsburg, and is prepared to make up dresses and all other articles of female wardrobe, at short notice, and in the best and

LATEST STYLES.

Rooms in the Ramey Buildings, on West Main Street. Call and see her varied stock of Spring Goods.

May 1, '68.

PUBLIC SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, on SATURDAY, the twenty-fifth day of SEPTEMBER next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Peter Bilmyer and Mary Bilmyer, administrators of John Bilmyer, late of Locust township, in said county, deceased, will expose to sale, by public vendue or outcry, on the premises, certain messuages and tracts of land, viz:

TRACT NO. 1. All that certain messuage and tract lying in said township, bounded by lands of Michael Keller, George Ruppert, Peter Bilmyer, Joseph Billeg, John Billeg and others, containing

112 ACRES & 154 PERCHES

on which is erected a House, Barn, and the usual outbuildings.

TRACT NO. 2. A certain tract or timber land in said township, bounded by lands of Peter Bilmyer, John J. Cook, Jacob Hower, and others, containing

10 ACRES AND 10 PERCHES,

Late the estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Locust, and county aforesaid.

Bloomsburg, June 25, 1869.

JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.

CONDITION OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to remain in the premises during the natural life of Mary Bilmyer, widow of said decedent and at her death to be paid to the heirs of said deceased; and the interest thereof to be regularly and annually paid her during her life. Ten per cent. or one-fourth of the remainder to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation thereof, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from the confirmation nisi. Possession will be given April 1st, 1870. The purchaser must pay for deed and stamps.

PETER BILMYER,
MARY BILMYER,
June 25, 1869. Administrators.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have entered into co-partnership as Founders and Machinists at the National Foundry in rebore occupied by Peter Bilmyer

PETER BILMYER,
GEORGE V. HENRY.

The books of the late firm will be settled by E. R. Ikeler, to whom all persons indebted to us apply.

Bloomsburg June 11, '69-tf.

$10 A DAY.
Address A. J. FULLAM,
1279-3m. New York.

MERCHANDISE.

MERCHANDISE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To my friends and the public generally, that all kinds of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
NOTIONS, &C.,

are constantly on hand and for sale

AT BARTON'S OLD STAND,
BLOOMSBURG, BY
JAMES K. EVER.

☞ Also, Sole Agent for CLAM PHOSPHATE OF LIME. Large lot constantly on hand. 1st'69.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY
OF
DRESS GOODS,
AT THE NEW
STORE, BROWER'S BUILDING,

The splendid rooms of J. J. BROWER, are completed and now open to the public with the

FINEST STOCK

ever offered in Bloomsburg. All the

NEWEST STYLES

of Dress Goods, Silks, Cloths, Cassimeres, Linens, Flannels &c,

CARPETS

of every style and for all prices. Oil Cloths in great variety.

A full line of

SUPERIOR GROCERIES.

Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Spices,

warranted pure and good.

GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,

in carefully assorted variety.

GLOVES, HOSIERY,

HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS AND A COMPLETE assortment of

WHITE GOODS,

The public are earnestly

invited to examine these fine goods, before purchasing elsewhere and are guaranteed satisfaction. No expense or trouble has been spared to make

THE MOST COMPLETE

establishment in this section of the State.

J. J. BROWER,
May 7, '69-tf Bloomsburg, Pa.

JULY LIST AT I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT CARPETS
FROM 37½ cts. TO $1.65
PER YARD GO TO I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT BLACK
ALPACA FOM 40 cts. TO $1.50
PER YARD GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD
AND NICE SUMMER SHAWL
GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT FANCY
CLOTH FOR A SACK GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT A NICE
SET OF WHITE WARE GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT COCHECO
PRINTS FOR SPRING, STRIPE
AND BARRED, GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT STRIPE
COLLARS AND CUFFS FOR
LADIES OR GENTS GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT A NICE
AND GOOD MACKERAL BY THE
SINGLE, A HALF OR QUARTER
BARREL, GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT DRESS
GOODS FROM 20 cts. TO $1.25
PER YARD STRIPE AND FIGURD,
GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

H. C. HOWER,

Has opened a first-class

BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE,

at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest kind and styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He would recommend to the public with the following good, at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled boots, Ladies' and Misses' fine and heavy do. do. do. Boys' heavy do. do. do. Men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, Boys' double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's gum and buffalo overs, Ladies' and Misses' gum and buffalo overs, Ladies' and Misses' rubber gaiters, Women's gum and buffalo overs, Women's and misses' rubber buffalo and calf shoes, Women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters, Ladies' and misses' all description of kid pegged and sewed.

He would also call attention to his fine assortment of

HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS,

which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. Those in want of anything in the above line will find it to their advantage to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.

Dec. 6, '67

IMPORTANT

TO BUILDERS, HOUSEHOLDERS & TENANTS.

The undersigned would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he is prepared to execute

HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL
PAINTING

in all its branches.

PAPER HANGING

Carefully attended to.

Strict attention to business and good workmanship it is believed will merit a fair share of public patronage.

Shop on Catharine Street between Third and Fourth.

Mar. 5, '69-1y. WM. F. ROBINS.

PUMPS! PUMPS FOR SALE.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of this place and vicinity that he is prepared to furnish at short notice, one of the best WOODEN PUMPS for Wells and Cisterns ever offered to the public. They are guaranteed to throw more water in less time and with less labor than any other pump in this part of the country and they cannot be surpassed for beauty or finish, or simplicity of arrangement, also combining cheapness and durability. Those persons having Wells to repair or to put down will do well to call on the subscriber, who will have them done promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

Bloomsburg, Aug. 9, 1867.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

LOOK, READ, AND LEARN,

THAT THE

Great Shoshonees Remedy!

OF THE CELEBRATED INDIAN

DR. LEWIS JOSHEPHUS,

of the distinguished Tribe of Shoshonees, Columbia Territory is now for sale in the Union.

This all possessing great remedy, is warranted and in broad and emphatic language, we can safely say, may be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, etc., As well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, Fevers, and all impurity of the blood, excepting the third stage of Consumption.

In Canada where this great remedy has been in use for a short time it has indeed effected some of the most marvelous cures ever recorded in the annals of historical medicine. Such being the case in addition to its former renown in Columbia Territory we duly humanity to dispute the fact that this Great Shoshonees Remedy is the remedy of remedies of the 19th Century, and the greatest boon ever conferred at the shrine of suffering humanity.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.50. Manufactured by Dr. Young & Bros., at Syracuse, N. Y.

For sale by all dealers in Medicines.

DRUGGISTS WRITE THUS OF THE

GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY!

(ABSTRACTS OF LETTERS.)

Geneva, N. Y., Feb. 15th, 1869.

DR. YOUNG & BRO.—I find my sales of your valuable Remedies greatly increasing. In fact your Great Shoshonees Remedy is giving the best of satisfaction, and being just as it is recommended to do, and having even come in to tell me how much they had been benefited from its use. I have sold out of it again, etc. etc.

WILLARD N. SMITH.

Sherman, N. Y., March, 19th, 1869.

DR. YOUNG & BRO.—I started your Great Shoshonees Remedy by giving away one bottle to a confirmed Dyspeptic, the result has been ample. It gives universal satisfaction, more than any other medicine we have had in the store for sale. From what I have seen of the Shoshonees, I feel justified in recommending it. Send me six dozen more, it will sell in three months, etc.

BYRON FENNER.

Watertown, N. Y., March 15th, 1869.

DR. YOUNG & BRO.—Your Shoshonees Remedy is giving good satisfaction, and sells better than any other new medicine we have ever attempted to introduce, as we are nearly out of it, send us in haste etc.

B. LEWIS & CO.

122 N. Morgan St., Chicago, Ill. Feb. 18th, 1869.

DR. YOUNG & BRO.—I have sold over ten doz. of your Great Shoshonees Remedy already and a great number of the Shoshonee Relief. It gives universal satisfaction, I have not heard one in which I have sold, but what speaks of it in the highest terms, and recommend it to others; and as I am nearly out of it, please send me half a gross more at once, etc., etc.

GEO. BROOKER.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.50. Manufactured by Dr. Young & Bros., at Syracuse, N. Y.

For sale by all dealers in Medicine.

THE KIDNEYS.—THE KIDNEYS are two in number, situated at the upper part of the loin, surrounded by fat, and consist- ing of flat pieces, viz: the Anterior, the Interior, and the Exterior.

The anterior situate. Interior equal to of the size of veins, which serve as a deposit for the urine and convey it to the exterior. The exterior is a connecting nerve, terminating in a single tube, called the Ureter. The ureters are connected with the bladder.

The bladder is composed of various coverings or tissues, divided into particular. The Upper, the Lower, the Nervous, and the Mucous. The upper expels, the lower retains. Many have a desire to urinate without the ability; others urinate without the ability to retain. This is frequently seen in children.

To cure these affections, we must bring into action the function, which are engaged in their various functions. If they are neglected, gravel or Dropsy may ensue.

The result must also be made aware, that wherever there may be the attack, it is sure to affect the healthy health and mental powers, as our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

GOUT, OR RHEUMATISM.—Gout, arising in the joints is indicative of the above diseases. They occur in persons disposed to acid stomach and costive constitutions.

THE GRAVEL.—The gravel comes from neglect or improper treatment of the kidneys. These organs being weak, the water is not expelled from the bladder, and is allowed to remain; it becomes feverish, and sediment forms. It is from this deposit that the stone is formed, and gravel obtains.

Dropsy is a collection of water in some parts of the body, and is denominated by various names, according to the parts affected, viz: when generally diffused over the body, it is called Anasarca; when of the chest, Hydrothorax.

TREATMENT.—Helmbold's highly concentrated compound extract Buchu is decidedly one of the best diuretics in the world for all affections of the kidneys, gravel, prostate gland inflammation, and gouty affections. Under this head we have arranged dysuria, or difficulty and pain in passing water; strangury, or scalding urine; and diabetes, or too great flow of water; Strangury, or stopping of water; Hematuria, or bloody urine; Gout and Rheumatism arising from the kidneys, without any change in quantity, but increase in color, or dark urine, are always highly recommended by the late Dr. Physick, in these affections.

The Buchu increases the power of excretion, and excites the absorbents into healthy progress, by which the watery, or calcareous, deposites, and all unnatural enlargements, as well as pain, are removed. In all cases of the kidneys, it is taken by men, women, and children. Directions for use in all languages.

H. T. HELMBOLD,
Druggist and Chemist, PHILADELPHIA, PA., Feb. 25, 1867.

DEAR SIR.—I have been a sufferer, for upward of twenty years, with pravel, bladder, and kidney inflammation, during which time I have tried various remedies, and have been under the care of some of the most eminent physicians, experiencing no relief.

Having seen your preparations extensively advertised, I consulted with my family physician in regard to using your Extract Buchu.

I did this because I had used all kinds of advertised medicines without any benefit, and in compliance with his request, I procured a bottle and commenced using it, and I despatched all of every bottle, and was astonished and gratified at the wonderful effect, and after having it three weeks, was able to walk without the aid of a cane, which I had used for a long time. This statement of my case at this time, and in such my improvement might only be temporary, and am here considered to defer and see. If it would effect a cure, I was willing to pay anything (having tried to no purpose) and more satisfactory to me.

I am now able to report that a cure is effected after using the Extract Bu

FARMER'S COLUMN.

CURRANTS AND THEIR ENEMIES.—For some years we have endeavored to make the currant more popular, as we consider it a most healthful as well as easily raised fruit. That there are obstacles to its culture we are aware, and so there are to that of all fruits, and whoever is not willing to take proper care of his currants does not deserve to have them.

The most common insects injurious to the currant are the Borer and the Currant worm. Both the American and the European Currant Borer trouble our plants, the one the larva of a beetle, and the other that of a moth, but as they are practically the same in their habits and effects, it is not necessary to speak of them separately. The larva lives upon the pith of the currant stem, and the insects come out from the dead stalks in their perfect state lay in May or early in June. They lay their eggs upon the new shoots, and the young brood, when hatched, penetrate the stem and carry on their work of destruction. Where the bush is kept properly pruned no very extensive damage usually results from the Borers, as the invested limbs are discovered and removed at pruning; these should be burned, for if thrown upon the brush-heap the perfect insects will make their way out and provide for a continuance of the trouble.

The currant worm, which is the larva of an insect somewhat resembling the common fly, is the most destructive enemy of the currant. The worms or slugs are small; keep upon the under side of the leaf, and the bush is often stripped of the foliage before their presence is suspected. The worms, when they attain their growth, enter the ground, undergo their changes, and the flies appear to lay eggs for a new crop.

Powdered White Hellebore dusted over the bushes destroys the worms at once. A light dusting from a dredging box is all that is needed.

A correspondent in the Country Gentleman suggests covering the ground around the bushes with coal ashes to the depth of five or six inches. The idea is that the coal ashes present a barrier to the exit of the fly from the ground in the spring. Concerning this, "Walks and Talks" writes "Try the coal ashes, but at the same time watch the bushes, and as soon as you see the little, bead-like eggs on the under side of the lower leaves, crush them with the thumb and finger. The flies come out of the ground and deposit their eggs on the first leaves they come to. On neglected bushes there are generaly a dozen or more suckers round the bush. The eggs will be found on these. Cut them all off, except one or two which may be needed to form new wood. In this way you will destroy hundreds of worms and benefit the bushes at the same time. Remove all the useless wood from the bush, and place it in the sun or burn it. You will have more and much finer fruit. This work should be done early in the spring."

The correspondent who complains that his fruit prematurely ripens and is worthless, will, if he carefully examines the berries, probably find within each a minute maggot. The only remedy we can suggest is to gather and destroy all such fruit before the insects have time to mature and prepare for a brood the next year.—*American Agriculturist.*

WATER FOR HORSES.—Mr. B. Cartledge, of Sheffield, a member of the Royal Veterinary College calls attention to the very common mistake made by keepers of horses in limiting the supply of water to their animals. Many owners of horses, most grooms, and others who have the charge of them, profess, he says, to be allowed, and, when a poor, thirsty, over-driven animal arrives at his journey's end he is treated to a very limited supply and the pail is taken away before its necessity is half met. It is a mistake notion that cold water frequently produces "colic." I have known it cure the disease. When cold water does cause abdominal pain, it is from long abstinence, and when the horse drinks to excess. But even this is rare. I allow my horse to drink from every trough I meet on the road, if the water be clean, and, in my own stud, I never had a case of colic. At home, my horses always have water before them. A friend of mine, to whom, the other day, I gave this advice, directed his servant to adopt it. The servant shook his head and said, "he thought he knew as well as Mr. Cartledge when his horse required water and how much." The owner, in reply, told his servant that might be so, and he must allow his horse to drink as often and as freely as he did himself. *English Farmer's Journal.*

CURING HAY.—The following article on the manner of curing hay, which we copy from an exchange, contains some suggestions which may be of interest to farmers at this season:

To have the best of hay it should be cut when not too ripe. Over-ripeness changes the stalks of the grasses from a state of rich juiciness into that of a woody fibrousness, thereby greatly reducing their nutriciousness. It is true a small compensation is secured by the ripened seeds of grasses, affording a high order of animal food (equal to grain,) which grasses earlier cut do not possess. And perhaps for horses and other working animals, well ripened hay may have its advantages. But as a feed for cows, and for stock generally, all kinds of grasses should be cut when in flower, or very soon afterward.

The hay crop is not nearly so exhaustive to the fertile elements of the soil when it is uniformly harvested before the ripening of the seed. In the full maturing of seeds of all farm crops, a heavy draft is made upon the phosphates, the most important ingredient of every rich soil.

In curing hay, it should be an object to retain its green grassiness as much as possible, so that when fed out in winter it shall resemble as much as possible, the unctuous, succulent pasture grasses of summer. To this end, hay, when cut, should be spread out, and when only slightly dry, should be turned over and left not more than a couple of hours in the hot sun. If gathered then and put up in trimly made hay cocks (of a hundred pounds or so,) and covered with cotton cloth hay caps, and in this manner be permitted to remain in the field for two or three days, it will possess all the excellent qualities of very superior hay.

In curing clover well, this plan is absolutely necessary. Where there is an abundance of indoor room, the cut hay may be put in the barn quite green, and strewed around, and thus be almost wholly cured in the shade. By cutting clover hay gradually, when the crop is not large, the whole of it may be preserved in this way in a state of the very highest excellence.

For feeding purposes two tons of good hay, well cured, are worth as much as three tons indifferently cured.

THE YOUNG FOLKS.

Giant Golden-Beard.

In a country village, over the hills and far away, lived a poor man, who had an only son born to him. Now this child was born under a lucky star, and was therefore what the people of that country call a Luck's-child; and those who told his fortune said, that in his fourteenth year he would marry no less a lady than the king's own daughter.

It so happened that the king of that land, soon after the child's birth, passed through the village in disguise, and stopping at the blacksmith's shop, asked what news was stirring. "Great News!" said the people. "Master Brock down that lane, has just had a child born to him that they say is a Luck's-child; and we are told that, when he is fourteen years old, he is fated to marry our noble king's daughter." This did not please the king; so he went to the poor child's parents, and asked them whether they would sell him their son? "No," said they. But the stranger begged very hard, and said he would give a great deal of money; so as they had scarcely bread to eat, they at last agreed, saying to themselves, "He is a Luck's-child; all, therefore, is no doubt for the best—he can come to no harm."

The king took the child, put it into a box, and rode away; but when he came to a deep stream he threw it into the current, and said to himself, "That young gentleman will never be my daughter's husband." The box, however, floated down the stream. Some kind fairy watched over it, so that no water reached the child; and at last, about two miles from the king's chief city, it stopped at the dam of a mill. The miller soon saw it, and took a long pole and drew it towards the shore, and finding it heavy, thought there was gold inside; but when he opened it he found a pretty little boy that smiled upon him merrily. Now the miller and his wife had no children, and they therefore rejoiced to see their prize, saying, "Heaven has sent it to us;" so they treated it very kindly, and brought it up with such care that every one liked and loved it.

About thirteen years passed over their heads, when the same king came by chance to the mill, and seeing the boy, asked the miller if that was his son, "No," said he, "I found him, when a babe, floating down the river in a box into the mill-dam." "How long ago?" asked the king. "Some thirteen years," said the miller. "He is a fine fellow," said the king; "can you spare him to carry a letter to the queen? It will please me very much, and I will give him two pieces of gold for his trouble." "As your majesty pleases," said the miller.

Now the king had guessed at once that this must be the child he had tried to drown, so he wrote a letter by him to the queen, saying, "As soon as the bearer of this reaches you, let him be killed and buried, so that all may be over before I come back."

The young man set out with this letter but missed his way, and came in the evening to a dark wood. Through the gloom he saw a light afar off, to which he bent his steps, and found that it came from a little cottage. There was no one within except an old woman, who was frightened at seeing him, and said, "Why do you come hither, and whither are you going?" "I am going to the queen, to whom I was to have given a letter; but I have lost my way, and shall be glad if you will give me a night's rest." "You are very unlucky," said she, "for this is a robbers' hut; and if the band come back while you are here it may be worse for you." "I am so tired, however," replied he, "that I must take my chance, for I can go no further;" so he laid the letter on the table, stretched himself out upon a bench and fell asleep.

When the robbers came home and saw him, they asked the old woman who the strange lad was. "I have given him shelter for charity," said she; "he had a letter to carry to the queen, and lost his way." The robbers took up the letter, broke it open, and read the orders which were in it to murder the bearer. Then the leader was very angry at the king's trick; so he tore his letter, and wrote a fresh one, begging the queen, as soon as the young man reached her, to marry him to the princess. Meantime they let him sleep on till morning broke, and then showed him the right way to the queen's palace; where, as soon as she had read the letter, she made all ready for the wedding; and as the young man was very handsome, the princess was very dutiful, and took him then and there for a husband.

After a while the king came back; and when he saw that this Luck's-child was married to the princess, notwithstanding all the art and cunning he had used to thwart his luck, he asked eagerly how all this had happened, and what were the orders he had given. "Dear husband," said the queen, "here is your own letter—read it for yourself." The king took it, and seeing that an exchange had been made, asked his son-in-law what he had done with the letter he gave him to carry. "I know nothing of it," said he; "if it is not the one you gave me, it must have been taken away in the night, when I slept." Then the king was very wroth, and said, "No man shall have my daughter, who does not go down into the wonderful cave and bring me three golden hairs from the beard of the giant king who reigns there; do this, and you shall have my free leave to be my daughter's husband." "I will soon do that," said the youth; so he took leave of his wife, and set out on his journey.

At the first city that he came to, the guard at the gate stopped him, and asked what trade he followed, and what he knew. "I know everything," said he. "If that be so," said they, "you are just the man we want; be so good as to find out why the fountain in the market-place is dry, and we will give you two asses loaded with gold." "With all my heart, when I come back."

Then he journeyed on, and came to another city, and there the guard also asked him what trade he followed, and what he understood. "I know everything," answered he. "Then pray do us a good turn," said they; "tell us why a tree, which always before bore us golden apples, does not even bear a leaf this year." "Most willingly," said he, "as I come back."

TO BE CONTINUED.

THE MAGIC COMB—TEETH ARE coated with solid dye. You wet your hair and use the comb, and it produces a permanent black or brown. One comb sent by mail for $1.25. Address WM. PATON, Springfield, Mass.
11'69-3m.

COLUMBIA IRON WORKS,

N. W. SAMPLE & CO.,

Corner of Main Street and L. & B. Rail Road,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MACHINISTS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS; BLACKSMITHS AND BOILER MAKERS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

STEAM ENGINES & WATER WHEELS,

GENERAL MACHINE WORK AND REPAIRS.

MILL GEARING, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HEAD BLOCKS,

SAW MILL GEARING OF ALL KINDS,

CASTINGS FOR FURNACES AND ROLLING MILLS.

ALSO CAR WHEELS AND AXLES AND GENERAL MINING CASTINGS.

BRASS CASTINGS OF ALL KINDS,

CAR BOXES, COMPOSITION CASTINGS, AND BABBIT METAL

BELFIELD'S CELEBRATED GLOBE VALVES,

STOP COCKS, CHECK VALVES, AIR COCKS, OIL CUPS, STEAM WHISTLES,

STEAM GUAGES, STEAM PIPE AND FITTINGS CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Agents and sole Manufacturers of Hall's Patent Double Discharge Turbine Wheels.

BLACKSMITHING, HEAVY OR LIGHT FORGINGS,

AGENTS FOR SHIVE'S GOVERNOR, ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE SIMPLEST AND BEST IN THE WORLD.

REAMERS, TAPS AND DIES, MADE TO ORDER.

BOLTS AND NUTS OF ALL SIZES.

ORDERS FOR BRIDGE BOLTS AND IRONS SOLICITED, AND ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

OF THE LATEST IMPROVED PATTERNS.

THRESHING MACHINES, A SPECIALTY.

BUCKEYE REAPERS REPAIRED,

AND ALL EXTRA PARTS FURNISHED.

MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS OF

HORTON'S PATENT HAY RAKE.

ALL ORDERS EXECUTED WITH PROMPTNESS AND SATISFACTION GIVEN OR MONEY REFUNDED.

May 7,'69-1y

WOOL WANTED.

The subscriber, agent of the Lewisburg Clothing Mills, desires

50,000 POUNDS OF WOOL IN EXCHANGE

for all kinds of cloth, cassimeres, satinets, and all kind of flannels and blankets.

He is also prepared to do all carding and fulling, coloring and cloth dressing in the best manner. Address

GEORGE VANCE, Orangeville, Pa.

June 18,'69-3m

CHARTER OAK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Mr. B. W. Sweeny agent for Columbia and Luzerne Counties. Dear Sir,

I take pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of five thousand dollars from your company, being for the insurance on the life of my Richard Calvin B. Bellsnyder, and take this occasion of recommending the CHARTER OAK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, for its promptitude and fair dealing. This company unlike a great many of OUTSTANDING PREMIUM NOTES, but settles right from the start with the insured.

RALPH BELLSNYDER, Catawissa, Pa. Apr. 25th 1868.

Insurance can be effected with

B. W. SWEENY, Agent, At Catawissa or Bloomsburg.

May 7,'69-1m

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.

W. M. MONROE & CO., Rupert, Pa.,

Manufacturers of POWDER KEGS, and dealers in all kinds of LUMBER,

give notice that they are prepared to accomodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

DENTISTRY.

R. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PONCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.

Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.

Bloomsburg, Jan.31,'68-tf

FLOUR AND FEED.

The undersigned thankful for past patronage begs to announce to his friends and to the public that he

NEW MILL

is now in complete running order, and that he is prepared to do all kinds of Milling without delay. Parties from a distance can have their grists ground without delay, so as to take them home the same day, and as a rule all work brought to the mill can be done in twenty-four hours. My present arrangements are such as to preclude the necessity of stopping the mill on account of ice, high or low water.

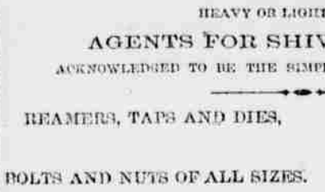
THE BEST FAMILY FLOUR,

as well as the lower grades, and all kinds o

kept on hand in quantity, and for sale at the lowest current rates. Grain of all kinds purchased.

Light Street, Dec. 4,'68-tf. PETER ENT.

WHEELER'S PATENT RAILWAY



CHAIN HORSE-POWER.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has purchased the old stand at Light Street from Wm. Schuyler, where he is now manufacturing the

WHEELER PATENT,

and is prepared to furnish farmers with the most reliable machines ever offered to the public. The Wheeler Machine is no longer an experiment as it has been in constant use for years and the yearly sales of this patent exceeds that of all others combined.

Work done at our shop is warranted for one year. Also, agent for Wheeler's Combined Thresher and Winnower.

For further particulars apply to or address

J. M. HULSHIZER, Light Street, Columbia county, Pa.

June 25,'69-3m.

MAMMOTH GROCERY.

J. H. MAIZE,

MAIN AND IRON STREET, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The Largest and Best Stock of Groceries and Provisions in the County.

A splendid lot of Hams, Side-meat and Shoulders, Teas Coffees and Spices. Foreign and Domestic Fruits a specialty. A large lot of

FRUIT JARS

on hand of the best patterns.

GOODS DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE TOWN.

June 19,'69-tf

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

KAVANAGH & DECKER'S BILLIARD TABLES

WILLIAM H. GILMORE

Has opened a fine Billiard Saloon in addition to his well known RESTAURANT. He has 3 tables with all the latest improvements and in perfect order. He keeps on hand the best

LAGER BEER AND ALE

which the market affords. OYSTERS to be had at all times when in season, also Beef Tongue, Pickled tripe, Clams, &c., &c.

The public are invited to call and are promised satisfaction either in billiards or refreshments. His

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

cannot be excelled.

Bloomsburg, Jan.1,'68.

OMNIBUS LINE.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and the public generally that he is running an

OMNIBUS LINE

between this place and the different railroad depots daily (Sundays excepted), to connect with the several trains going South and West on the Catawissa and Williamsport Railroad, and with those going North and South on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad.

His Omnibusses are in good condition, commodious and comfortable, and charges reasonable.

Persons wishing to meet or see their friends depart, can be accomodated upon reasonable charge by leaving timely notice at any of the hotels.

JACOB L GIRTON, Proprietor.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY!

CAMPILLION CARPET!

A new, cheap, durable, healthy, and B

FLOOR COVERING!

A substitute for oil-cloth at one-third the cost.

This carpet is produced by a peculiar combination of strong, heavy paper, printed in ornamental colors, and coated with a tough, elastic, water proof cement which receives the water, protects the colors and paper endures as many years, and renders the carpet bright and beautiful in the extreme. Its advantages are as follows:—

It is made and available to all classes; it is exceedingly smooth and glossy, and it seems to be patented to do dust; it does not require to be taken up and cleaned like other carpet, and thus saves labour and trouble; by renovating with the Campillion Floor Cleansing, as the case may require, (which costs but a trifle,) it will last indefinitely, even as regular and always appear new and bright; in its use no advance whatever is placed upon the paper for wear, but exclusively upon workmanship, coating, the figured paper being used only to secure the colors. Paper has recently been used for a variety of purposes, even for trunks, hats, boot tops and carriage tops, and the first attempt, either in Europe or America, to convert it into carpet or floor covering, all concede it to be an entire success!

We have purchased the right for exclusive county and can furnish the carpet to merchants at manufacturers prices.

Parties are invited to call and examine the goods at our store. MCKELVY, NEAL & CO.

Bloomsburg, Dec. 11'68-tf.

$1000 to $2000 PER YEAR SURE. And no Risk.

July 2, '69-tf

SEND ONE DOLLAR AND GET by return mail one of LORING'S DOLLAR BOOKS, of the richest, rarest French Note Paper. All the Ladies are in love with them.

Address LORING, Publisher, Boston, Mass.

312'69-3m.

GROCERIES, &c.,

CONFECTIONERY.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has opened a

FIRST-CLASS CONFECTIONERY STORE,

in the building lately occupied by Fox & Webb where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of

PLAIN & FANCY CANDIES, FRENCH CANDIES, FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, &C., &C., &C.

BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

In short, a full assortment of all goods in his line of business. A great variety of

DOLLS, TOYS, &c.

suitable for the Holidays. Particular attention given to

BREAD AND CAKES

of all kinds, fresh every day.

CHRISTMAS CANDIES, CHISTMAS TOYS.

A call is solicited, and satisfaction will be guaranteed.

Nov. 22, 1867. ECKHART JACOBS.

GRAND OPENING

GRAND OPENING GRAND OPENING GRAND OPENING GRAND OPENING

OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS, FALL AND WINTER GOODS, FALL AND WINTER GOODS, FALL AND WINTER GOODS, FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of consisting of consisting of consisting of consisting of

DRY GOODS, DRY GOODS, DRY GOODS, DRY GOODS, DRY GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS, HATS AND CAPS, HATS AND CAPS, HATS AND CAPS, HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES, BOOTS AND SHOES, BOOTS AND SHOES, BOOTS AND SHOES, BOOTS AND SHOES,

READY-MADE CLOTHING, READY-MADE CLOTHING, READY-MADE CLOTHING, READY-MADE CLOTHING, READY-MADE CLOTHING,

LOOKING-GLASSES, LOOKING-GLASSES, LOOKING-GLASSES, LOOKING-GLASSES, LOOKING-GLASSES,

NOTIONS, NOTIONS, NOTIONS, NOTIONS, NOTIONS,

PAINTS AND OILS, PAINTS AND OILS, PAINTS AND OILS, PAINTS AND OILS, PAINTS AND OILS,

GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, QUEENSWARE, QUEENSWARE, QUEENSWARE, QUEENSWARE

HARDWARE, HARDWARE, HARDWARE, HARDWARE, HARDWARE,

TINWARE, TINWARE, TINWARE, TINWARE, TINWARE,

SALT, SALT, SALT, SALT, SALT,

FISH, FISH, FISH, FISH, FISH,

GRAIN AND SEEDS, GRAIN AND SEEDS, GRAIN AND SEEDS, GRAIN AND SEEDS, GRAIN AND SEEDS,

&c., &c. &c.,

AT

McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S, McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S, McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S, McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S, McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,

Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets, Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets, Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets, Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets, Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA., BLOOMSBURG, PA., BLOOMSBURG, PA., BLOOMSBURG, PA., BLOOMSBURG, PA.

IRON AND NAILS, IRON AND NAILS, IRON AND NAILS, IRON AND NAILS, IRON AND NAILS,

in large quantities and at reduced rates, always on hand.

NEW COAL YARD.

The undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and Columbia county, that they have laid in the yard at the corner of Iron and Second streets a large assortment of the different numbers of the coal and selected lump coal for smithing purposes, on their wharf, adjoining McKelvy, Neal & Co's Furnace; with a good pair of Buffalo scales on the wharf, to weigh coal, hay, and straw. Likewise a horse and wagon, to deliver coal to those who desire it. As they purchase a large amount of coal, they intend to keep a superior article, and as at the very lowest prices. Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

J. W. HENDERSHOT, AUGUSTUS MASON.

THE undersigned will take in exchange for Coal and Groceries, the following named articles:—Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Lard, Ham, Shoulder, and side meat, Butter, Eggs, Rag, &c., at the highest cash prices, at his Grocery Store, adjoining their coal yard,

J. W. HENDERSHOT.

Bloomsburg Mar. 19,'68-1y.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$170,000
Ætna	4,000,000
Fulton	300,000
North America	563,000
City	450,000
International	1,400,000
Niagara	1,000,000
Putnam	250,000
Merchants	800,000
Springfield	670,000
Farmers' Danville	500,000
Albany City	400,000
Lancaster City	300,000
York Horse, Death & Theft	65,000
Home, New Haven	1,000,000
Danville, Horse Theft	

FREAS BROWN, *Agent*, mar3 69-1y.* BLOOMSBURG, PA

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER the successors of WILLIAM SLOAN & SON continue the business of making CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, and every style of FANCY WAGONS,

which they have constantly on hand to suit customers. Never using any material but the best and employing the most experienced workmen they hope to continue as heretofore to give entire satisfaction to every customer. An inspection of their work, and of the reasonable price asked for the same, is sure to insure a sale.

May 5,'69-tf

AUSTIN & CO'S GREAT ONE DOLLAR SALE.

SPRING CIRCULARS.

Will be issued and ready for Agents and customers on and after April 20th, containing the largest and most liberal Exchange and Premium list ever issued.

Agents of Clubs of Thirty and upwards, will have their premiums increased one-fourth when all the checks are returned.

WORK FOR US AND WE WILL WORK FOR YOU.

Agents Wanted everywhere. Circulars sent free. Address

AUSTIN & CO. 32 & 36 Federal, and 107, 111, 113 Congress Streets, BOSTON, Mass.

May 28,'69-tf

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND Catarrh treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear, (his specialty) to the Medical College of Pennsylvania*, 19 years experience, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 105 Arch Street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination.

Jan. 15, '69-1yr

IRON, TINWARE, &C.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

A. M. RUPERT

announces to his friends and customers that continues the above business at his old place on MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG.

Customers can be accommodated with FANCY STOVES of all kinds, Stovepipes, Tinware, and every variety of article found in a Stove and Tinware Establishment in the cities, and on the most reasonable terms. Repairing done at the shortest notice.

25 DOZEN MILK-PANS on hand for sale.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP,

ON MAIN STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE MILLER' STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

The undersigned has just fitted up and opened his new

STOVE AND TIN SHOP,

in this place, where he is prepared to make up new TIN WARE of all kinds in his line, and do repairing with neatness and dispatch, upon the most reasonable terms. He also keeps on hand STOVES OF VARIOUS PATTERNS & STYLES, which he will sell upon terms to suit purchasers. Give him a call. He is a good mechanic, and deserving of the public patronage.

JACOB METZ.

Bloomsburg, April 29, 1867.

JACOB K. SMITH. J. R. SELTZER

SMITH & SELTZER,

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

GUNS, CUTLERY, &C.

No. 29 S. THIRD STREET, AB. CALLOWHILL, PHILADELPHIA.

Nov. 27, 67-tf.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,

Main Street, one door above E. Mercer Hall's Store,

A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.

Roofing in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.

April 25,'67-1y

THE NEW HARDWARE STORE.

NON PLUS ULTRA.

Having enlarged our store room and just OPENED A NEW SUPPLY,

directly from the Manufacturers, purchased for cash, on a declining market, we are prepared to offer the same to

FARMERS, MECHANICS, BUILDERS,

and the rest of Mankind, a general stock, comprising all the kinds and qualities usually kept in a city Hard Ware Store, suitable to the wants of the county, at unusually low prices.

All those who are desirous of purchasing goods in our line may save Money by looking in at the New Hardware Store.

Please give us a call and examine our stock &c.

Apr. 25,'69-1yr BUNTAN & WARDEN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

SHARPLESS & HARMAN,

EAGLE FOUNDRY AND MANUFACTURING SHOP.

STOVES & PLOWS WHOLESALE & RETAIL

THE CELEBRATED MONTROSE IRON BEAM AND THE HUTTON WOODEN BEAM PLOWS.

Castings and Fire Brick for repairing stoves. All kinds of Brass or Iron casting made to order upon short notice.

B. F. SHARPLESS & P. S. HARMAN, Bloomsburg, Pa. Proprietors.

Mar. 19,'69-tf.

ORANGEVILLE FOUNDRY,

MACHINE SHOP AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

The undersigned desires to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has rebuilt and enlarged his Foundry and Machine Shop, and removed all his business from Light Street to the above named place, where in connection with his Foundry he will continue to manufacture Wheeler's Railway Chain Horse-Power and Thresher, (improved), Carroll's Patent.

THRESHER AND CLEANER,

either overshot for Tread-Power or undershot with Lever-Power. He also manufactures to order and fits up all kinds of

MILL GEARING,

Circular Saw Mandrels, Patent Slides for Saw Mills, the most improved Iron Beam Plows of different kinds, Wooden Beam Plows, Double Corn Plows, and Plow Points of every description generally used throughout the county.

IRON KETTLES, BELLS

Cellar Grates, Stoves, Sled and Sleigh Soles, and in fact every thing generally made in a country Foundry. Those wishing to purchase Machines would do well to examine the same, and the improvements made on the power, by which at least 20 per cent. in the draft is taken off.

ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED

to give good satisfaction, and terms made to suit purchasers. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Iron and castings.

Thanking my friends and patrons for past favors he respectfully continues to solicit the same.

Apr.9,'69-tf WILLIAM S. HUYLER, Orangeville Pa.

LEHIGH VALLEY AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL WORKS BREINIG & HELFRICH ALLENTOWN PA

LEHIGH VALLEY AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL WORKS,

BREINIG & HELFRICH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BREINIG'S COMPLETE

BONE MANURE.

A concentrated manure combining the reliable fertilizing properties of BONE DUST or GROUND BONE, with the active elements of PERUVIAN GUANO, AMMONIACAL MATTER, AND SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

NOTICE.—We prepare but the one article, guaranteeing it as standard, reliable and uniform. Lower grades and variations in quality to be produced by different proportions of adulteration. Farmers can save money by reducing the quality themselves. We use only bone and no Phosphate Guano or Phosphate of Lime. Send for "Farmers' Manure Guide," For sale at Manufacturer's rate by

A. J. ALBERTSON, Bloomsburg, Pa. J. S. ROBBINS & Co. Bloomsburg Pa.

Mar. 19,'69-3m. WALTER SCOTT, Catawissa Pa.

THE ESPY HOTEL.

ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.

Apr.23,'69-tf WILLIAM PETTIT, Espy, Pa.

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE

PITKIN & CO.

THE GREAT HEAD QUARTERS for all kinds of Army Goods, New and Second-hand, and sold at a little of the cost.

HARNESS,

Wheel and Lead Team Harness, Ambulance, Light and Heavy Express, Cart and Buggy Harness, McClellan and Officers, Saddles, Bridles, Collars, Reins, Trimmings, Surcingles, etc., etc.

TENTS,

Hospital, Wall and Wedge, with poles and pins complete, Wagon Covers, Awnings, Bacting Bottoms and Sacks.

MILITARY CLOTHING,

Overcoats, Pants, Coats, Jackets, Blouses, Army Blankets, Horse Covers, Fly Sheets and Nets, etc. The largest and best assortment we have ever offered.

Send for descriptive Price List, sent free on application.

Small orders by Express, C. O. D.

LIBERAL REDUCTION TO WHOLESALE DEALERS.

PITKIN & CO.,

(Formerly on Front St., now)

71 North Second st., just below Arch St.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

Also, 2 PARK PLACE, New York.

May 27,'69-3m

GET THE BEST.

Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod is the best protection against disaster by lightning ever invented. The subscriber is agent for the above invention, and all orders by mail or in person will be promptly attended to.

May 15,'68 E. B. BIDLEMAN.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED By DR. C. G. GARRISON'S new process of treatment and or address Dr. C. G. GARRISON, 21 South EIGHTH St., Philadelphia, Pa.

P. S.—Special attention given to THROAT and LUNG Diseases. Feb. 5,'68-1y.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

JONATHAN HEISLER'S TONIC or Bitters has never failed to cure the worst form of Dyspepsia; is the most successful medicine yet discovered for the cure of Consumption, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs; is made entirely of roots and herbs. One bottle will convince any one who gives it a fair trial. No family should be without it. Put up in large bottles, prepared and sold by Jonathan Heisler & Co., Schuylkill Haven, Pa., and by all Druggists. (aug. 14, 68-1y *)

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cures them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always and never before was such universal confidence reposed in any cathartic—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the worst forms of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion**, **Listlessness**, **Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache**, **Sick Headache**, **Jaundice** or **Green Sickness**, **Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism**, **Gout**, **Gravel**, **Palpitation of the Heart**, **Pain in the Side**, **Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

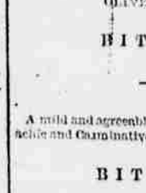
As a **Dinner Pill**, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Feb. 5, 1869.

DR. TAYLOR'S

OLIVE BRANCH

BITTERS

A mild and agreeable Tonic Stimulant, Stomachic and Carminative

BITTERS,

Extracted entirely from Herbs and Roots. Highly beneficial in

DYSPEPSIA,

GENERAL DEBILITY,

and Loss of Appetite;

and an excellent Corrective for persons suffering from Disorders of the Bowels, Flatulence, &c.

Sold Everywhere.

Depot, No. 419 Market Street, Philadelphia.

J. E. TAYLOR & CO.

Sept. 4,'68-1y.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

THIS INFALLIBLE REMEDY does not, like the Fetid Compounds, dry up the nasal passages with which the disease is usually accompanied, simply palliate for a short time, or drive the disease to the Lungs as there is danger of doing in the use of such medicines, but it produces perfect and permanent cures of the worst cases of chronic catarrh, no matter of how long standing. "Cold in the Head" is cured with a few applications. Catarrhal Headache is relieved and cured as if by magic. It removes offensive breath, loss or impairment of the sense of taste, smell or hearing, watering or weak eyes, and impaired